

LANCASTER, PA.

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Eclipses for the year 1884.

There will be five eclipses this year, three of the 25th of April, at 9 o'clock 46 min. in the the Sun, and two of the Moon, viz: . . morning; invisible here, but visible on the

the 27th of March, at .1 o'clock 2 min. in the the Cape of Good Hope.

morning; therefore invisible here, but visible The fourth is a total eclipse of the Moon, on

in Iceland and at the North Pole.

the 10th of April, at 6 o'clock 46 min. in the and the obscuration ends at 6 o'clock 49 min. morning; at the setting of the Moon a small in the evening. portion of it will be visible. In California the eclipse will be total at 3 o'clock 45 min. in the the 18th of October, at 7 o'clock 18 min. in the morning.

The first is a partial eclipse of the Sun, on Southern Atlantic Ocean, in Patagonia and at

the 4th of October. The Moon rises partially The second is a total eclipse of the Moon, on obscured at 5 o'clock 50 min. in the evening,

The fifth is a partial eclipse of the Sun, on evening; invisible here, but visible in Kamt-The third is a partial eclipse of the Sun, on chatka and on the Northern Pacific Ocean.

· Sun (①) is the reigning Planet this year.

CARDINAL POINTS.

Vernal Equinox, entrance of the Sun into Aries, March 20th, 12 o'clock 20 m. in the morning. Summer Solstice, entrance of the Sun into Cancer, June 20th, 8 o'clock 3 m. in the evening. Autumnal Equinox, entrance of the Sun into Libra, Sept. 22d, 10 o'clock 16 m. in the forenoon. Winter Solstice, entrance of the Sun into Capricorn, Dec. 21st, 5 o'clock 12 m. in the morning.

Centennial Almanac for the year 1884.

causes curled hair, strong, magnanimous, thoughtful, peaceable, great, honored, and imparts long life.

Year in general .- The solar year is generally dry, less

humid and moderately warm.

Spring—Is temperate, in the commencement pretty humid particularly in April, which is very changeable.

May is pleasant and dry, but towards the close of the month, it will be cold and fresty. The sheep should therefore be kept from the grain field, and also as much as possible from the meadows.

Summer.—July is not altogether safe from frost, and besides there will be great drought. August in the commencement will be windy, but afterwards clear and calm.
The days are hot, but the nights cool, and the summer for
the most part is pleasant, but closes with stormy weather.
Autumn and Winter—Are agreeable, dry and pleasant.
Frost sets in and it freezes early, but with a moderate de-

gree of cold; commences with rough and unpleasant weather, but will soon become pleasant. February com-mences with pleasant weather, but closes with great coldness, which continues until in March.

Cultivation of Summer Grain.- It must be commenced early, and as much as possible sown under. Barley and Oats will not grow much, but will be good in the grain. Peas and other leguminous plants will not produce much, unless sown on moist ground, where the manure is already

The following is an extract from the "Centennial Almanac" for the year 1884:

The SUN is this year the reigning Planet.
This Planet is moderately good, warm and dry, a kind Planet, if it has good aspects, makes persons handsome,

Short and thin. There will be but little hay. The sheep should be kept timely from the meadows. The second-math will grow well. Cabbage and Turnips, on account of the drought, cannot grow well.

Cultivation of Winter Grain.—Rye will be very good,

of the drought, cannot grow well.

Cultivation of Winter Grain.—Rye will be very good, but a small crop, as also the Wheat. In the spring the sheep should be kept from the grain fields.

Autumn Seeding.—The Autumn Seeding should be well

sown under, so that in the following wet spring it may not grow out; it is not necessary that it be sown very early.

Fruit.- There will be more apples than pears, and an abundance of cherries, nuts, prunes and acorns.

Hops.—Although promising at first, yet there will be little or nothing of them. Therefore timely provision should be made for the deficiency.

Wine,—If in the last year there was no principal wine, it will grow this year; for Mars, the Sun and the thereupon following Venus constitute every seven years the wight wine year.

right wine year.

Tempests and Thundergusts .- The east and north wind mostly prevail this year; at times also the west wind; but the south wind very seldom. There will be frequent storms, accompanied with thunder, lightning and hail, which will be dangerous to the crops.

Reptiles and Vermin.—There will be an abundance of

toads, snakes and grasshoppers; worms will be apt to

grow in the grain.

Fish-Will be moderately abundant everywhere.

Diseases .- At the close of the winter pleurisy, internal ulcers and inflammatory fevers will prevail; also often unless sown on moist ground, where the manure is already apoplexy, quinsy, cramp, palpitation of the heart, inflam-decayed. Flax will not be worth much. Hemp will be mation of the liver, headache and pains in the spine.

AGRICULTURAL

AL MARCO

FOR THE YEAR OF OUR LORD

11884;

Being a Bissextile or Leap Year, and until the 4th of July, the 108th of American Independence.

Arranged after the System of the German Calendars.

CONTAINING

The rising, setting, and eclipses of the Sun and Moon; the phases and places of the Moon; the aspects of the planets, the rising, setting and southing of the most conspicuous planets and fixed stars, the equation of time, and the time of high water at Philadelphia; with a variety of useful and entertaining matter, list of courts, &c.

Carefully calculated for the Meridian of Pennsylvania and the adjoining States.



LANCASTER:

Printed and sold by John Baer's Sons, No. 15 North Queen street, east side, where German Almanacs may also be had.

Moveable Feasts and Chronological Cycles.

2d.

MOVEABLE FEASTS.

Septuagesima Sunday, February 10. Quinquagesima, or Shrove Sunday, Feb. 24. Shrove Tuesday, February 26.

Ash Wednesday, or first day of Lent, Feb. 27.

Palm Sunday, April 6. Easter Sunday, April 13. Low Sunday, April 20.

Rogation Sunday, May 18.

Ascension Day, May 22. Whit Sunday, June 1.

Trinity Sunday, June 8. Corpus Christi, June 12.

First Sunday in Advent, November 30.

Sundays after Trinity are 24 this year.

QUATEMBER OR EMBER DAYS.

1st. On the 5th of March.

On the 4th of June. 3d. On the 17th of September.

4th. On the 17th of December.

CHRONOLOGICAL CYCLES

	~ ~.		STATE OF THE PARTY.			01	1		
Dominical Letter									F. G.
Lunar Cycle, or G	fold	len	N	um	be	r			4
Epacts								•/	3
Solar Cycle .									17
Roman Indiction									12
Julian Period.									6597

The chrorology of the Jews for the year 5645 commences on the 20th of September 1884. The chronology of the Mahomedans for the year 1302 commences on the 21st of October 1884.

Characters of the Constellations.

Aries, the Ram.

Taurus, the Bull.

Gemini, the Twins.

Cancer, the Crab.

Leo, the Lion.

Virgo, the Virgin.

Libra, the Balance. Scorpio, the Scorpion. Sagitarius, the Bowman.

Capricornus, the Goat.

Aquarius, the Butler. Pisces, the Fishes.

Astronomical Characters explained:



New Moon.



First quarter, or Moon in general.



Full Moon.



Last quarter, or Moon in general.

Moon's ascending Node, or Dragon's Head.

8 Moon's descending Node, or Dragon's Tail.

U Moon's Ascension.

Moon's Descension.

Moon in apogee, furthest from the earth.

Moon in perigee, nearest to the earth.

Planets and Aspects.

h Saturn,

9 Venus,

21 Jupiter,

& Mercury,

& Mars,

D Earth, D Moon,

O Sun,

H Hershel.

& Conjunction, or planets in the same longitude.

* Sextile, when they are 60 degrees apart.

Quartile, when they are 90 degrees distant.

△ Trine, when they are 120 degrees distant.

Opposition, when they are 180 degrees distant.

NOTE TO THE READER.—The calculation of this Almanac is made to solar or apparent time, to which add the equation when the sun is slow, and subtract when fast, for the mean or clock time.—Calculated originally by LAW-RENCE J. IBACH, successor to CHAS. F. EGELMAN.—All Almanacs without the Calculator's name are suspicious. COPYRIGHT SECURED ACCORDING TO LAW.

Agricultural.

Progressive Farmers.

is cultivated to its highest capacity and his soil never deteriorates in quality. He rotates his crops with a view to increased fertility, and he estimates his profits by the amount of expense entailed in securing that profit. The failure to realize immediate results does not discourage him, for he knows that, through his judicious system of cultivation, the realization is but deferred for a little while longer. He farms for profit and he spends for profit. He knows nothing of stinted economy, which saves to-day and robs to-morrow. The farm is his bank, his workshop and his occupation, no stone being left unturned, and no portion slighted at the cost of another part.

A good farm means good stock. The squealing hog has no place on it, but must be super The tangleseded by the quiet thoroughbreds. fleeced, small-carcassed sheep cannot be allowed expense means profit in the end, the cost is not so formidable as it seems.

great ditches are dug to allow the black liquid The true farmer does not stop to count the riches to pass off and away forever. But the cost of improvement, for his reason prompts good farmer works differently. He makes his him to believe that he cannot go wrong by en- manure fine, attends personally to the process deavoring to improve. Every acre of his farm of decomposition, protects it from the weather and endeavors to make it a ready food for the crops when hauled to the fields. Farming pays well - to good farmers.

Waste Material on the Farm.

If farmers would take the trouble to ascertain the value of that which is more or less thrown away at their homes they would perhaps make better use of much that is considered worthless. Vegetable tops make excellent additions to the compost heap from time to time, and such material is really valuable. Beet tops are very rich in nitrogen, and those from carrots, parsnips and turnips are well supplied with potash and also a fair quantity of the phosphates. Potato vines contain a large quantity of potash, and there is nothing more valuable for composting than the refuse from a potato crop. The vines from sweet potatoes where only the merino, the Cotswold and the afford the best mulching material for covering Oxford Down are adapted. The scraggy bo- strawberries that can be used, and when out of vines of the past are seen no more, for the use can then be composted. The fact is, all deep-milking Holstein, the cream-giving Jersey the tops of vegetables should do service as a and the beef-producing Hereford have occupied mulch before being carried to the compost heap, their places. The thoroughbred and the Clyd- and it is in such capacity that they render cornesdale plow the fields that formerly yielded to stalks valuable. The best method for mulching the wind-broken plugs, and the wagons and im- with the wastage from vegetables is to cover plements are of the most approved labor-saving the vines intended to be mulched, and lay rows patterns. All this means capital and is expen- of cornstalks on the top of it in order to presive; but when we consider the fact that it costs vent disturbance from winds. One of the most no more to keep the best than the bad, and that serious losses is corncobs, which contain in the ash nearly one-fourth potash. When we consider that the potash in the cobs is all derived But the manure heap is the most important from the soil on which the corn is grown it beof all. A good farmer can be selected by the comes a duty to restore it. Cobs can be used manner in which he keeps his manure. The as fuel without loss, but the ashes should be manure is the wealth—the bank on which the carefully saved. A large amount of waste is check is drawn-and it is imprudent to neglect often permitted, such as allowing corncobs to it. Drenching rains and scorching suns carry be scattered here and there over the fields upward and downward the soluble and volatile wherever hogs are fed when running at large. constituents of the unprotected heap, and often It is true the cobs rot and do service in the

JANUARY, 1st Month.

, OBERT OFFICE AND ENGLISHED					
Weeks and Days. Remarkable Days. W. R. & S. h. m. Place. South. Moon south. Miscellaneous Particulars. Sun sun sun sets. Sets. Remarkable Days. Place. South. South. Sol. rises. Sets. Remarkable Days. Sun sets. Sets. Remarkable Days. Sun sets. Remarkable Days. Sol. Remarkable Days. Sun sets. Sun sets. Sun sets. Remarkable Days. Sun sets.					
Tuesday 1 New Year 3 8 36 2 2 2 28 Orion so. 6 53 U 4 7 23 4 37 20 Wednesd 2 Abel, Seth 4 9 37 21 3 17 Orion perigee 4 7 23 4 37 21 37 21 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 3					
Thursday 3 Enoch 5 10 38 2 4 6 5 rises 8 0 47 23 4 37 22 Friday 4 Methusalem 5 11 41 4 54 2 gr. dist. east 5 7 22 4 38 23					
Saturday 5 Simon 6 morn. 26 5 46 5. \$ sets 5 27 5 7 224 3824					
1] Epiphany. Matth. 2. Days' length 9 hours 18 min.					
Sunday 6 Epiphany 7 12 47 3 9 6 37 24 rises 6 41 6 7 21 4 39 25					
Monday 7 Isidor 8 1 54 22 7 31 9 sets 7 0 67 214 39 26					
Tuesday 8 Erhard 9 2 55 8 8 8 30 8 & rises 7 12 6 7 20 4 40 27					
Wednesd 9 Julian 10 3 54 \$22 9 29) in perigee 3 h 7 7 20 4 40 28					
Thursday 10 Paul, Herm. 11 4 56 8 6 10 29 5 south 9 31 77 19 4 41 29					
Friday 11 Hyginius 12 5 57 19 11 28 \$\times \times \text{stationary} 87 19 4 41 30					
Saturday 12 Rinehold 1 rises 2 morn. 212. 2 sets 7 10 87 18 4 42 31					
2] 1st Sunday after Epiphany. Luke 2. Days' length 9 hours 24 min.					
Sunday 13 Hilary 2 5 41 42 17 1 19 3024 5 in Perihe. 9 7 18 4 42 J.					
Monday 14 Felix 2 6 18 3 0 2 10 50 8 rises 6 50 97 17 4 43 2					
Tuesday 15 Maurice 3 7 19 3 15 2 56 Sirius south 10 52 97 16 4 44 3					
Wednesd 16 Marcellus 4 8 8 5 0 3 43 Orion south 10 1 10 7 15 4 45 4					
Thursday 17 Anthony 4 9 6 5 14 4 277* south 7 42 107 14 4 46 5					
Friday 18 Franklin bo. 5 9 59 29 5 10 5 south 8 50 10 7 13 4 47 6 Saturday 19 Sarah 6 10 57 3 13 5 55 820 9 sets 7 20 11 7 12 4 48 7					
3] 2d Sunday after Epiphany. John 2. Days' length 9 hours 36 min.					
Sunday 20 F. Sebastian 6 11 58 27 6 39 20.\$60 Infer. 11 7 12 4 48 8 Monday 21 Agnes 7 morn. 7 7 26 Dapo. Oen. 11 7 11 4 49 9					
Monday 21 Agnes 7 morn. 7 7 26 ∑ papo. ⊙en. 11 7 11 4 49 9 Tuesday 22 Vincent 8 1 1 1 18 8 12 8 3 rises 6 12 12 7 10 4 50 10					
Tuesday 22 Vincent 8 1 1 1 1 8 1 2 3 rises 6 12 12 7 10 4 50 10 Wednesd 23 Emerentia 9 2 5 5 29 9 1 24 50 11 11 12 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15					
Thursday 24 Timothy 9 3 8 11 9 50 Regulus rises 6 50 12 7 8 4 52 12					
Friday 25 Paul's Conv. 10 4 10 23 10 30 b south 8 15 12 7 7 4 53 13					
Saturday 26 Polycarpus 11 5 4 \$ 511 10 30 \$ Rigel so. 8 30 13 7 6 4 54 14					
4] 3d Sunday after Epiphany. Matth. 8. Days' length 9 hours 50 min.					
Sunday 27 F. Chrysost. 12 5 54 54 16 11 50 7* south 7 1 13 7 5 4 55 15 Monday 28 Charles 1 sets 28 12 29 28 Sir.so 9 58 13 7 4 4 56 16					
Monday 28 Charles 1 sets 28 12 29 28. Sir. so 9 58 13 7 4 4 56 16					
Tuesday 29 Valerius 2 7 3 9 1 13 Neptune station. 13 7 3 4 57 17					
Wednesd 30 Adelgunda 3 8 10 221 2 4 DP 2 sets 7 49 14 7 2 4 58 18					
Thursday 31 Virgil 3 9 22 3 2 54 Rigel south 8 12 14 7 1 4 59 19					
JUPITER is on the 19th in Opposition with the Sun and shines the whole night.					

January has 31 Days.

MOON'S PHASES, &c.

First quarter the 5th, at 4 o'clock 35 min. in the afternoon; clear and cold.

Full moon the 12th, at 10 o'clock 27 min. in

the forenoon: rain or snow.

Last quarter the 20th, at 12 o'clock 23 min. in the morning; rain or snow.

New moon the 28th, at 12 o'clock 1 min. in the morning; cold and stormy.

Probable State of the Weather.

1st, 2d clear; 3d, 4th, 5th cold; 6th, 7th cloudy; 8th, 9th, 10th cold; 11th, 12th snow; 13th, 14th changeable; 15th, 16th northwind, cold; 17th, 18th coldest days; 19th, 20th, 21st mild; 22d, 23d cloudy; 24th, 25th, 26th rain and snow; 27th, 25th clear, cold; 29th, 30th changeable; 31st

Court of Quarter Sessions and Common Pleas.

Lebanon	7 Lawrence	7.Cameron	21
York	7 Huntingdon	14 Dauphin	28
Perry	7 Berks	14 Chester	28
Northumberland	7 Susquehanna	14 Blair	28
Washington	7 Fulton	14 Centre	28
Luzerne	7 Mifflin	. 14 Clarion	28
Lehigh	7 Clearfield	14 Somerset	28
Lycoming	7 Wyoming	14 Tioga	28
Mercer	7 Carbon	14 Elk	28
Schuylkill	7 Cumberland	14 Adams	28
Allegheny	7 Lancaster	21 Venango	28
Greene	71		

course of time, but careful farmers should gather them, in order to place them at their

disposal.

It does not pay to let straw be trampled and wasted by cattle, nor is it good policy to leave cornstalks stand in the field. There are other duties to which such material can be applied previous to commencing decay, and even the rank weeds can be made serviceable, if moved and turned to ashes. Every weed that grows robs the soil, and it will not do to plow them under, as they will surely reseed the land, but they should be gathered and burned. There is really nothing on a farm to waste, if in good hands: but there is, however, a waste on many farms that can be avoided.

-If cistern water is affected by the cement used, empty the cistern, wash with alum water, vessel suspended in it, covering the cistern.



Setting One's House in Order.

When the head of the house is laid low there is trouble. And the trouble is greater if, as so often happens, Death finds him before his house is "set in order" and he is ready to depart. If he had lived he would have collected debts, straightened out tangles and got things into proper shape for his successor. If he had lived perhaps only a little longer he would have made his will, and aided so far in settling his estate amicably and according to his plan. great many more men die intestate than other-A man has the feeling that making a will is a direct and immediate preparation for death, and that putting off this duty delays the final, fatal dart. But when this dart has sped, and the widow finds herself alone and responsible for settling the estate, she feels utterly lost and knows not which way to turn. The legal forms that must be gone through with are quite incomprehensible and strange to her, and she has little idea what ought to be done, or of the manner in which the estate ought to be settled up. In too many cases the wife knows very little about her husband's business affairs, his obligations, his assets, his liabilities. takes it for granted that "he knows his own business," and is not only competent to manage it in the best way for the interests of both, but that he does so, and that she is "secure" in any event. Many wives have a feeling that the manifestation of a lively interest in the exact status of affairs would betray or seem to betray a lack of confidence in their husbands, and in accordance with this feeling they hand over to their husbands all their own property and effects, trusting that by so doing they can lose: nothing. But unless accounts are kept and the and burn half a bushel of charcoal in an iron wife's property is protected when the husband dies and creditors and heirs come in, and there

FEBRUARY, 2d Month.

the spin and the property of the spin of t
Weeks and Days. Remarkable Days. H. H. Moon Noon Place. South. Moon South. Miscellaneous Particulars. Sun Sun State Sets Culars. Sun Sun Sets Sets Culars. Sun Sun Sets Sets Sets Sets Sets Sets Sets Sets
Friday 1 Bridget 4 10 29 14 3 43 830 \(\delta \) station. \(\begin{aligned} 14 7 0 5 0 3 \end{aligned} 1 4 7 0 5 0 3 \end{aligned}
Saturday 2 Candlemass 5 11 36 27 4 35 south 12 2 14 6 59 5 12
5] 4th Sunday after Epiphany. Matth. 8. Days' length 10 hours 4 min.
Sunday 3 Blasius 6 morn. 13 5 30 h stationary 8 14 6 58 5 2 2
Monday 4 Veronica 7 12 36 26 6 26 34. Din perigee 14 6 56 5 42
Tuesday 5 Agatha 8 1 34 6 7 7 25 3 3 24 24 so. 7 40 14 6 55 5 5 2
Wednesd 6 Dorothy 9 2 38 \$21 8 20 \text{sets 7 58} 14 6 54 5 6 2
Thursday 7 Richard 10 3 41 2 9 18 Neptune O 14 6 53 5 7 2
Friday 8 Solomon 11 4 42 14 10 147* south 6 14 14 6 52 5 82
Saturday 9 Apollonia 12 5 46 26 11 11 3 24 24 south 11 1 14 6 51 5 9 2
6] Septuagesima. Matth. 20. Days' length 10 hours 20 min.
Sunday 10 Scholastica 1 rises 8 morn. 10. 8 so. 11 41 15 6 50 5 10 2
Sunday 10 Scholastica 1 rises 8 morn 10. \$\sigma\$ so. 11 41 15 6 50 5 10 2 Monday 11 Euphrosina 1 5 56 20 12 48 Orion so. 8 7 15 6 48 5 12 3
Tuesday 12 Eulalia 2 6 47 32 2 1 40 Spica rises 10 10 15 6 47 5 13 3
Wednesd 13 Castor 2 7 45 3 14 2 25 b south 7 14 14 6 46 5 14 F
Thursday 14 Valentine 3 8 42 26 3 8 gr. dist. west 14 6 45 5 15
Friday 15 Faustinus 4 9 42 9 9 3 52 9 sets 8 8 14 6 43 5 17
Saturday 16 Julianus 5 10 41 22 4 37 gr. Hel. lat. north 14 6 42 5 18
7] Sexagesima. Luke 18. Days' length 10 hours 38 min.
Sunday 17 Constantia 5 11 45 4 5 22 24 south 10 30 8 14 6 41 5 19 3
Monday 18 Concordia 6 morn. 16 6 10 6 18. Din apogee 14 6 40 5 20 (
Tuesday 19 Susanna 7 12 21 28 6 56 0 0 enters 14 6 39 5 21
Wednesd 20 Eucharius 8 12 59 5 10 7 45 s south 11 4 14 6 38 5 22 8
Thursday 21 Eleonora 8 1 48 422 8 35 5 5 5 5 6 44 14 6 36 5 24 9
Friday 22 Wash. Birth. 9 2 46 3 4 9 25 100 9 sets 8 22 14 6 35 5 25 16
Saturday 23 Serenus 10 3 40 17 10 14 Sirius south 8 15 14 6 33 5 27 1
8] Quinquagesima. Luke 18. Days' length 10 hours 56 min.
Sunday 24 Matthew 11 4 29 29 11 0 0 D 3 24 south 10 2 14 6 32 5 28 12
Monday 25 Victor 12 5 18 313 11 49 Rigel south 6 33 14 6 31 5 29 13
Tuesday 26 Shrove Tue. 1 sets 28 12 29 26. \$\sin Aphel. 13 6 30 5 30 14
Wednesd 27 Ash Wedn. 2 6 56 12 1 20 Arct. ri. 8 20 13 6 28 5 32 15
Thursday 28 Romanus 2 7 42 27 1 52 south 10 39 13 6 27 5 33 16
Friday 29 Intercal. day 3 8 34 12 2 35 30 9 9 sets 8 30 136 265 3417
Many is an about the Operation with the Sun and chines the whole winds

MARS is on the 1st in Opposition with the Sun and shines the whole night.

VENUS is Evening Star until the 11th of July, then Morning Star until the end of the year.

February has 29 Days.

MOON'S PHASES, &c.

First quarter the 4th, at 12 o'clock 57 min. in the morning; clear and cold.

Full moon the 10th, at 11 o'clock 47 min. in

the evening; clear and cold.

Last quarter the 18th, at 10 o'clock 12 min. in the evening; clear and frosty.

New moon the 26th, at 1 o'clock 35 min. in the afternoon; rain or snow.

Probable State of the Weather.

1st, 2d, 3d cold; 4th, 5th changeable; 6th, 7th snow; 8th, 9th, 10th clear; 11th, 12th cloudy; 13th snow; 14th, 15th changeable; 16th, 17th, 18th cold; 19th, 20th clear; 21st, 22d mild; 23d, 24th rain; 25th, 26th, 27th cold; 28th,

Court of Quarter Sessions and Common Pleas.

Westmoreland	4 Erie	4 Forest	25
Bradford	4 Northampton	11 Monroe	25
Wayne	4 Crawford	11 Pike	25
Columbia	4 Jefferson	11 Franklin	25
Bucks	4 Clinton	11 Montour	25
Juniata	4 Bedford	18 M'Kean	25
Lackawanna	4 Snyder	25 Sullivan	25

are fees to be collected, there is no lack of opportunity for the widow to be robbed of all which the greed of those in whose power she is

may be able to swallow.

Fortunate is she that can find a trustworthy and capable man who will advise as to the winding up of the estate and see that it is to know enough of legal forms and requirements as to these matters to be able intelligently to sign papers in their own interest, and to refuse to sign such as would injure them; but while their husbands live, there seems to be no need of this, and when their husbands die they are often too much bewildered and overcome by the new aspect of things to learn what is best to do mortgagee before her husband bought it. and to have done. There are many cases in which widows have resolutely set themselves to work to master all the principles and details involved in the settlement of estates, and have administered upon them with skill and sagacity.



a book for consultation would be able to have an intelligent opinion as to the various steps to be taken in her own case. As months are required for the work of which we are speaking. there need be no haste in taking the various steps. Where there are minor children it is sometimes impossible to conclude matters until the children attain legal majority. In such cases there is time for the widow to become so conversant with her affairs that she may act intelligently and with the advice of competent counsel before taking any important step.

When the wife dies, with or without a will, there are few legal difficulties, often none at all, for the husband to encounter in settling up her estate: but when the husband dies without a will the wife is hampered at every step, and most of all by her own ignorance. The best remedy for this, in the existing state of things, is for the husband to keep accounts so carefully and exactly that all property or moneys belonging to his wife's estate may be readily identified thoroughly and carefully done. Women ought as hers, and so not at the mercy of his creditors, and to see to it that titles to property are clear and unincumbered. A widow left with a farm of which her husband supposed himself to be the owner, found after his death that the man of whom the farm was bought had no power to give title, this, by the operation of a selfforeclosing mortgage, having passed into the mistake of this kind is generally much more easily remedied by the buyer than by his widow, for human nature is such that the power to oppress too often begets the disposition to do so. That this has always been so is amply evidenced This course cannot be too highly commended. by the frequent references in the Scriptures to In some of our States there are special treatises the care of God for the widow and the fatherupon settling estates, giving the law and the less, and the denunciations against those who forms to be gone through; a woman with such oppress them. To these the defenceless widow

MARCH, 3d Month.

A SHARE IN	-	LALUVII, C	ou month.	
Weeks and Days.	Remarkable Days.	h h m Place. s	Moon Miscellaneous Parti- culars.	sun sun sun sun slo. rises sets sets m h m h m
Saturday	1 St. David	4 9 36 25	3 28 per. 8 so. 1029	136 255 3518
9] In	vocavit.	Matth. 4.	Days' length 11 h	
Sunday	2 Simplicius		4 25 Antares sets 8 56	
Monday	3 Samuel	5 11 32 24	5 20 dD内 8	126 235 37 20
Tuesday	4 Adrian		6 17 4 h south 5 55	126 215 3921
Wednesd			7 15 7* sets 11 52	126 20 5 40 22
Thursday			8 12 9 sets 8 59	116 195 41 23
Eriday	7 Perpetua		9 4 d D 4 4 south 9 22	116 185 4224
Saturday			9 54 dDd & south 9 58	11 6 16 5 44 25
-	eminiscere.	Matth. 15.	Days' length 11 h	
Sunday	9 Prudence	11 4 31 66 6 1	0 44 Regulus so. 10 42	1116 1515 4526
	10 Apollonius	12 5 18 66 18 1	1 32 Spica rises 8 28	116 145 46 27
	11 Ernestus	1 rises 3 0 n	norn. 11. h sets 11 20	106 125 48 28
	12 Gregory	1 0 34 35 12 1	2 39 E 32 sets 9 12	10 6 11 5 49 29
	13 Macedon		1 45 stationary 2 30 4 south 9 1	10 6 10 5 50 M
	14 Zachariah 15 Christopher		2 30 4 south 9 1	106 8552 2
-			3 15 8 8 south 9 34	96 75 53 3
	culi.	Luke 11.	Days' length 11 h	
Sunday	16 Cyprianus		3 58 8 H⊙Orion s.1226	
	17 St. Patrick	5 11 11 46 13	4 48 Dinapo. \gr.he.l.n.	96 45 56 5
	18 Anselmus 19 Josephus		5 33 6 h sets 11 1	86 35 57 6
	20 Matrona	7 morn. 411	6 24 19. 9 sets 9 21	
	21 Benedictus		7 14 Oent. Pay& Night of Payanight	86 06 0 8
			8 4 Spring commences 8 54 3 in Aphelion	75 596 1 9
-	aetare.	• • • •	1	75 586 210
		John 6.	Days' length 12	hours 6 min.
	23 Eberhard 24 Gabriel	10 3 19 3 7	9 44 3 south 9 6	75 576 311
	25 Ann. V. M.	11 3 59 52 22 10	0 30 24 south 8 20	6 5 56 6 4 12
	26 Emanuel		1 12 Sirius sets 11 20	65 546 613
COLUMN THE RESERVE TO SERVE THE PARTY OF THE	27 Gustavus	JESS	1 50 dD\$ 7* sets 11 55	65 536 714
	28 Gideon	- Down phones of 1	2 50 27.Alt.r.1216 1 40 Decr.Pol.s.72	
	29 Eustasius		1 40 Per.Pol.s.72 2 14 \(\text{sets } 9 55	
13] Ju		John 8.		5 5 49 6 11 17
Sunday.			Days' length 12 he	
	31 Detlaus	4 10 31 7 19	3 12 dD2 d&O Super. 8	5 5 48 6 12 18
Thomas .	or Domans	411 13 (7) 2 4	4 11 dDh h sets 10 34	4 5 46 6 14 19

March has 31 Days.

MOON'S PHASES, &c.

First quarter the 4th, at 8 o'clock 31 min. in the morning; cold and stormy.

Full moon the 11th, at 2 o'clock 40 min. in

the afternoon; clear and mild.

Last quarter the 19th, at 6 o'clock 13 min.

in the evening; clear and frosty.

New moon the 27th, at 12 o'clock 47 min. in the morning; clear and frosty.

Probable State of the Weather.

1st rain; 2d, 3d pleasant; 4th, 5th cloudy; 6th, 7th clear; 8th, 9th changeable; 10th, 11th pleasant; 12th, 13th cloudy with snow; 14th, 15th northwind. cold; 16th, 17th, 18th pleasant; 19th, 20th cloudy; 21st, 22d, 23d rain and snow; 24th, 25th clear; 26th, 27th, 28th stormy; 29th, 30th pleasant; 31st changeable.

Court of Quarter Sessions and Common Pleas.

Philadelphia Armstrong Schuylkill Lycoming Delaware	3 Butler 3 Fayette 3 Warren 3 Montgomery 3 Beaver 3 Cambria	3, Potter 3 Indiana 3 Washington 3 Union 3 Northumberland 3 Clearfield	3 10 10 10 110 17
Allegheny	3 Cambria	ojciearneid	11

may betake herself and find in them abundant

support and consolation.

There is no truer way for the husband to show his love and care of his wife and children than by systematically so arranging and ordering his affairs as to leave them, in the event of his death, protected from all who would take advantage of their ignorance or their weakness. This he will do if he sets his house in order and keeps it so, during all time.

Turpentine a Cure for Lockjaw.

It is asserted with considerable show of con-same as cabbage. fidence that a sure cure for Tetanus or Lockjaw is to take a small quantity of turpentine, warm it, and pour it on the wound, no matter where the wound is, and relief will follow in less than a minute. Nothing better can be appentine; it will give certain relief almost in- earth around the roots. stantly. Turpentine is almost a sovereign recase three or four drops on a lump of sugar not die as soon as when covered shallow. may be taken inwardly.



Practical Hints on Gardening.

An old gardener gives his experience as follows:

I am a firm believer in the moon's influence on vegetation. An experience of over thirty years has convinced me of these statements: If anyone wishes to grow a large crop of potatoes, let them be planted in the dark of the moon, and if the sign is in the feet, all the better; in my following this rule I have never failed in getting a large yield of potatoes. I raised last year on less than one-fourth acre of seedlings 67 bushels; they were planted in drills, the potatoes being cut in four pieces and ten inches apart, the rows being 31 feet apart, no small ones among them.

To raise good cabbage. Sow the seed in a box up from the ground, in rich loam or leaf muck; sow none but the largest seed. Put your seed in the ground in the full moon, when the sign is in the head for early. Sow the seed in this month for winter use, and krout, in May. When cabbage are transplanted never press the earth around the roots. Sprinkle a little salt around all of the plants three or four times during the season and hoe often when the ground is damp. Cauliflower should be treated the

To grow beets, mangel-wurzels, carrots, turnips, parsnips, radishes, and all kinds of root vegetables. Select largest seed; plant in the dark of the moon, with the sign in the feet. In transplanting beets and turnips, pick off all the plied to a severe cut or bruise than cold tur large leaves from the plants. Never press the

To grow peas .- Plant in the full of the moon; medy for croup. Saturate a piece of flannel cover four inches deep. When large enough, on the throat and chest, and in a very severe hoe and bush in, covering deep. Pea vines do

Tomato seeds should be sown in the full of-

APRIL, 4th Month.

Statement on the statement of the statem
Weeks and Days. Remarkable Days. W. R. & S. h Moons Place. South. Miscellaneous Particulars. Sun Sun Sun Sun Sets Sets South.
Tuesday 1 Theodore 5 morn 15 5 10 9 sets 10 1 0 4 5 45 6 15 20
Wednesd 2 Theodosia 6 12 15 28 6 6 2 2.9in Perih. 45 446 16 21
Thursday 3 Ferdinand 7 12 59 210 7 2 0 24 24 south 7 25 35 426 18 22
Friday 4 Ambrosius 8 1 35 22 7 52 30 8 south 8 30 35 41 6 19 23
Saturday 5 Maximus 9 2 16 4 8 41 Sirius sets 10 42 35 40 6 20 24
14] Palm Sunday. Matth. 21. Days' length 12 hours 44 min.
Sunday 6 Egesippus 10 2 49 (216 9 28 h sets 10 18 3 5 38 6 22 25
Monday 7 Aaron 10 3 18 28 10 14 Wega rises 8 40 2 5 37 6 23 26
Tuesday 8 Dyonisius 11 3 50 2 10 10 59 7* sets 10 0 2 5 36 6 24 27
Wednesd 9 Prochorus 12 4 51 32 23 11 42 Orion sets 11 3 2 5 35 6 25 28
Thursday 10 Maundy Th. 1 rises 5 5 morn. 10 vin Perihe. 1 5 33 6 27 29
Friday 11 Good Friday 2 7 20 5 18 12 59 2 rises 10 19 15 326 28 30
Saturday 12 Eustachius 3 8 1 8 1 1 55 8 5 south 7 59 1 1 5 31 6 29 31
15] Easter. Mark 16. Days' length 13 hours 2 min.
Sunday 13 Easter Sun. 3 8 56 14 2 44 3 po. Ant. ri. 10 30 5 29 6 31 A.
Monday 14 Easter Mon. 4 9 59 27 3 30 24 24 South 6 45 \$ 5 2 6 32 2
Tuesday 15 Olympia 5 10 57 10 4 19 5 sets 9 56 \$ 5 27 6 33 3
Wednesd 16 Calixtus 6 11 49 324 5 7 Spica so. 11 40 05 2t 6 34 4
Thursday 17 Rudolph 6 morn. 8 5 54 7* sets 9 26 05 24 6 36 5
Friday 18 Æneas 712 40 22 6 44 318.Sir.ri.951 15 23 6 37 6
Saturday 19 Anicetus 8 1 28 3 6 7 33 2 9 sets 10 29 15 22 6 38 7
16] 1st Sunday after Easter. John 20. Days' length 13 hours 18 min.
Sunday 20 Sulpitius 9 2 8 20 8 22 22 22 22
Wednesd 23 St. George 11 3 56 3 10 59 Orion sets 9 5 25 17 6 43 11 Thursday 24 Albert 12 4 31 17 11 40 Rigel se. 8 32 25 16 6 44 12
17] 2d Sunday after Easter. John 10. Days' length 13 hours 36 min.
Sunday 27 Anastasius 2 9 32 27 1 56 d Dh 8 h sets 9 28 25 126 45 15
Monday 28 Vitalis 3 9 56 310 2 56 32 9 sets 10 36 35 116 49 16
Tuesday 29 Sybilla 4 10 48 (323 3 54 3 south 6 58 3 5 106 50 17
Wednesd 30 Eutropius 5 11 32 3 5 4 51 4 sets 12 0

April has 30 Days

MOON'S PHASES, &c.

First quarter the 2d, at 4 o'clock 17 min. in the afternoon; clear and pleasant.

Full moon the 10th, at 6 o'clock 44 min. in the morning; rainy and stormy.

Last quarter the 18th, at 10 o'clock 54 min. in the forenoon; rain.

New moon the 25th, at 9 o'clock 57 min. in the morning; changeable.

Probable State of the Weather.

1st, 2d, pleasant; 3d, 4th cloudy; 5th, 6th rain; 7th, 8th, 9th clear; 10th, 11th changeable; 12th, 13th rain; 14th, 15th, 16th pleasant; 17th, 18th northwind, stormy; 19th, 20th, 21st changeable; 22d, 23d thundergust; 24th, 25th, 26th pleasant; 27th, 28th changeable; 29th, 30th rain.

Court of Quarter Sessions and Common Pleas.

Allegheny	7 Cumberland	14 Centre	28
Luzerne	7 Perry	14 Bucks	28
Lawrence	7 Susquehanna	14 Blair	28
Greene	7 Lehigh	14 Somerset	28
Mercer	7 Wyoming	14 Venango	28
York	14 Northampton	14 Dauphin	28
Carbon	14 Mifflin	14 Chester	28
Berks	14 Lancaster	21 Juniata	28
Huntingdon	14 Cameron	21 Clarion	28
Lebanon	14 Bedford	21 Franklin	28
Fulton	14 Adams	21	

the moon, sign in the heart. My plan is to scoop out as many flat turnips as I want plants, fill the hollows with leaf mold, plant in each, one, two or three seeds. Place the turnips in a box and fill in between with damp sawdust; this keeps the plants moist. When well up, pull out all but one plant. When transplanted, set turnip and all out. In case that you have no turnips, make boxes of brown paper and flour paste.

To grow cucumbers, pumpkins, melons, squash and citrons—all these should be planted in the full of the moon, in soil well mixed with rotten manure. Watermelon, squash and citron seed should be soaked at least twelve hours in warm water before planting. All these seeds should be stuck in the hill, peaked end down. Cucumbers and muskmelons should be planted one inch deep. Watermelon, citron and squash, two inches.

Gardeners observing these rules will be sure to profit thereby.



Why the Calendar is so called.

The word "calendar" is derived from calendium, denoting the commencements of months, which, in the language of ancient Rome, were called dies calendæ, or simply calendæ; i. e., days on which "calling out" should occur, from "calo," I call. This "calling out" took place upon the reappearance of the small crescent after new moon, and at the present day remains the custom among those people who, as for instance the Turks, reckon time wholly from the recurring phases of the moon. This was loudly proclaimed from the roofs of public buildings by appointed priests or seers, who were required to seek for the moon's crescent in the evening sky either two days after new moon or four or five days after the last appearance of its light in the morning sky; this then was established as the beginning of the month, the single days being reckoned by counting backward or forward from the night. or from the intermediate day of full moon. This method of reckoning time from the revolutions and phases of light of the moon has been long practised in those countries in which the constant clearness of the heavens enables people to determine with considerable accuracy the first appearance of the moonlight, the so-called "new light," and again, among those whose limited intercourse with other nations afforded no comparison of fixed standards. In countries, however, where continued clearness of the sky was not afforded, or where the necessity was urgently felt for a regular determination of future dates, the seers at length desired that they be permitted to calculate, upon the basis of the past determination of the duration of the regular months, the recurrence of the phases of the moon for a certain time in advance, and therewith the regular succession of the months.

MAY, 5th Month.

The second secon	A THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF TH	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF
A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	H. Moon Moons Noon Place.	culars. m h m h m c
		35 86 52 19 35 8 6 52 19
Friday 2 Sigismund	6 12 39 29 6 39	2008 ggr.di.e. 35 76 53 20
Saturday 3 Inv. of Cros	s 7 1 18 4811 7 26	8 3 rises 12 10 35 6 6 54 21
18] 3d Sunday after		Days' length 13 hours 52 min.
Sunday 4 Florianus		2 sets 10 41 3 5 4 6 56 22
Monday 5 Godard		5 h sets 8 40 3 5 3 6 57 23
Tuesday 6 Aggeus		D □ 8 ⊙ § stationary 4 5 2 6 58 24
Wednesd 7 Domicilla		124 sets 1 39 45 16 59 25
Thursday 8 Stanislaus	12 4 10 5 12 11 8	7* sets 8 4 4 5 0 7 0 26
Friday 9 Job	1 rises 25 morn	. 9. 8 44 597 127
Saturday 10 Gordianus	1 7 59 8 8 12 31	Dapo. d Neptune 0 4 4 58 7 2 28
19] 4th Sunday after	Easter. John 16.	Days' length 14 hours 6 min.
Sunday 11 Mamertus	2 8 44 22 1 26	9 sets 10 31 4 4 57 7 3 29
Monday 12 Pancratius	3 9 40 6 6 2 15	sets 11 50 44 567 430
Tuesday 13 Servatius		Sirius sets 8 21 4 4 55 7 5 M
Wednesd 14 Christianus		Orion sets 8 44 U 4 4 547 6 2
Thursday 15 Sophia		h sets 8 12 44 537 7 3
Friday 16 Peregrine		24 sets 11 8 4 4 52 7 8 4
Saturday 17 Jodocus		17.680 Infer. 44 527 8 5
20] 5th Sunday after		Days' length 14 hours 18 min.
Sunday 18 Liborius	712 46 = 0 7 2	\$\text{\$\general \text{sets } 10 21 4 4 51 7 9 6 }
Monday 19 Potentia	8 1 16 = 14 7 51	s sets 11 40 44 507 10 7
Tuesday 20 Torpetus		Arctur. so. 10 18 44 497 11 8
Wednesd 21 Prudence	The state of the s	© enters (**) 44 48 7 12 9
Thursday 22 Ascension		24 sets 10 40 34 487 12 10
Friday 23 Desiderius		Rigel se. 7 32 34 47 7 13 11
Saturday 24 Esther	1 rises 23 12 15	Rigel se. 7 32 34 477 13 11 24. per. 3pg 34 467 1412
21] 6th Sunday after		Days' length 14 hours 30 min.
Sunday 25 Urbanus		dDh & h sets 740 3 4 45 7 15 13
Monday 26 Edward		Spica south 9 3 3 4 44 7 16 14
Tuesday 27 Lucianus	3 9 32 8 1 2 41	dD♀♀ sets 10 6 ↑ 3 4 43 7 17 15
Wednesd 28 William	4 10 12 13 3 38	dD24 24 sets 10 4 3 4 43 7 17 16
Thursday 29 Maximilian	4 10 50 25 4 32	§ stationary 3 4 42 7 18 17
Friday 30 Wigand		De de se. 11 26 34 41 7 19 18
Saturday 31 Manilius	6 morn. 19 6 10	31. H station. 3 4 41 7 19 19
		The state of the s

MOON'S PHASES, &c.

First quarter the 2d, at 1 o'clock 7 min. in the morning; clear and pleasant.

Full moon the 9th, at 11 o'clock 7 min. in

the evening; clear and pleasant.

Last quarter the 17th, at 11 o'clock 54 min. in the evening; changeable.

New moon the 24th, at 5 o'clock 36 min. in

the afternoon; clear and pleasant.

First quarter the 31st, at 11 o'clock 56 min. in the morning; frequent showers.

Probable State of the Weather.

1st, 2d, 3d pleasant; 4th, 5th rain; 6th, 7th warm; 8th, 9th thundergust; 10th, 11th frost; 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th clear; 16th, 17th rain; 18th, 19th clear; 20th, 21st thundergust; 22d, 23d, 24th changeable; 25th, 26th, 27th pleasant; 28th, 29th cloudy; 30th, 31st clear.

Court of Quarter Sessions and Common Pleas.

Erie	5 Lackawanna	5 Union	19
Bradford	5 Crawford	12 Pike	19
Lycoming	5 Westmoreland	12 Montour	26
Tioga	5 Jefferson	12 Snyder	26
Schuylkill	5 Washington	12 Monroe	26
Wayne	5 Clinton	12 Sullivan	26
Columbia	5 Forest	19 Elk	26

and to publicly record the number and the method of counting the days of the single months. Thus, in place of the public proclamation from the house-tops of the observed appearance, the calendar now came into use, containing calculations of the "calling days."

Lining for Stoves or Fireplaces.

To common potter's clay add one-sixth its bulk of plaster of Paris, about the same quantity of wood ashes; mix all together with water until a thick cement is made; then plaster it thickly and smoothly in the place where the lining is needed, and let it dry. Fire may be made in a few hours. In a day or two, if there are cracks, fill them up with a little cement made in the same way, and you will have a perfectly hard and durable fire-brick lining to your stove or fireplace.

—For Catarrh take burnt alum, put it in water and snuff it up in your head. Do so two or three times a day until relieved.



The Proper Time to Fell Timber.

There is a great diversity of opinion relative to the durability of fence posts. A farmer says: I have had an experience of nearly forty years in getting timber out, and I have noticed that there was a great difference in the lasting of the same kind of timber; and upon examination I found that timber that was cut after the leaf was full-grown and before the fall would very greatly out-last that cut after the fall of the leaf.

I then began to look for the cause, and I found that after the leaf had fallen all the sap that had been making new wood and leaf returned to the body of the tree, and that during the time when the leaf was on the tree all the sap was out of the body of the tree and in the

leaves and limbs.

I also found that all trees noted for their lasting qualities had but little sap in the body of the tree at any time, and that those trees that decayed easily had a great deal of sap. This led me to believe that it was the presence

of sap that caused rot.

I also found that large hewed timbers that were gotten out during the winter would heart-rot, while the outside was sound, even when put inside of a building. During these forty years I have had many thousand rails split, and noticing the different periods that they lasted has enabled me to satisfy my mind that rails split in July or August are worth 50 per cent. more than those split in the winter months.

With us sassafras is the most lasting timber we have. Yet I know of a fence that was built with sassafras posts six years ago that is now rotten. The posts were gotten out during winter. And I have in my yard posts that were set in 1858, which are now sound; they were

gotten out in the summer.

JUNE, 6th Month.

		2 8 2 1		330		100		
Weeks and Days.	Remarkable Days.	w. h.	Mo R. & h	2 0	Moons Place.	Mo		Miscellaneous Parti- culars. SUN SUN
22] V	Vhitsuntide.				John	14	•	Days' length 14 hours 40 min.
Sunday	1 Whitsunday	17	12	34	32 1	6	56	\$\text{9 sets 10 12} \cap 2 4 40 7 20 20
Monday	2 Whitmonday				32º13			Regulus sets 11 57 2 4 39 7 21 21
Tuesday	3 Erasmus	8			3 ± 25			dhO & sets 11 5 24 39 7 21 22
Wednesd		9				9	8	Antares south 11 4 2 4 38 7 22 23
Thursday		10						& Arctur. se. 11 44 24 38 7 22 24
Friday	6 Artenius	11	3					Dapo. Lib. so. 109 24 37 7 23 25
		12	St. 100 CO.					24 sets 9 25 14 37 7 23 26
	rinity Sunday.				John	and the state of		Days' length 14 hours 46 min.
Sunday	8 Medardus	1	ris	es	€ 2	mo	rn.	8.Cas.se.1024 14 37 23 27
	9 Barnimus	2		24	€÷16	12	59	sets 10 49 14 36 7 24 28
	10 Flavius	3			高 1	1	45	2 sets 9 49 U 1 4 36 7 24 29
	11 Barnabas	4			之16	2	35	ğ rises 3 51 14 36 7 24 30
Thursday	12 Cor. Christi	5			0	3	24	Ø gr. dist. west ≈ 4 36 7 24 31
	13 Tobias	5			£15	4	9	\$\times 3 51 \\ \times gr. \text{dist, west} \\ \times gr. \text{Hel. lat. south} \\ \times 4 36 7 24 31 \\ \times gr. \text{Hel. lat. south} \\ \times 4 35 7 25 \text{ J.} \end{array}
	14 Heliseus	6	11		29	4	57	ਝ gr. dist. west ਝgr. Hel, lat, south ਹ ਮਾਂ 7* rises 2 43 4 35 7 25 J.
24] 1s	t Sunday after !	Tri	nity	1.	Luke			Days' length 14 hours 50 min.
Sunday	15 Vitus	17	11	58	14	5	45	1 1 sets 9 2 0 4 35 7 25 3
Monday	16 Rolandus	8	mo	rn.	28	6	34	16. Spi. se. 13 04 35 7 25 4
Tuesday	17 Nicander				£11			8 sets 10 32 14 35 7 25 5
Wednesd	18 Arnolphus	9	1		24			9 sets 9 39 14 35 7 25 6
Thursday	19 Gervasius	10	1		8			2 stationary 8 14 35 7 25 7
	20 Sylverius	11	2		藏21	10		Oent. Longest Day 1 4 34 7 26 8
Saturday	21 Raphael	11						Dper. 3 D & h Sum. co. 1 4 35 7 25 9
25] 2d	Sunday after T	rin	rity.		Luke	_		Days' length 14 hours 50 min.
Sunday.	22 Achatius	12	3	42	F\$ 16	11	51	Arctur. south 8 8 1 4 35 7 25 10
	23 Agrippina	1	se	ts	番28	12	41	23Al.s.1 35 \cap 24 35 7 25 11
	24 John, Bapt.	2		18	黑810	1	30	© 30 2 9 sets 8 36 2 4 35 7 25 12
Wednesd	25 Elogius	2 2 3	8		×22			dD24 24 sets 8 35 24 35 7 25 13
	26 Jeremiah	3	9	24	GE 4		10	σφη 7* rises 1 55 2 4 35 7 25 14
	277 Sleepers	4			F 16			Andromedari.948 34 357 25 15
Saturday		5	10		£28			SDS & sets 10 10 34 367 2416
26] 3d								
Sunday	39 St. Peter	5	10	59	3£10	5	36	h rises 2 50 3 4 36 7 24 17
	30 Lucina	6	11	40	3£23	6	20	30We.s.11 56 34 36 7 24 18
SATURN i	s on the 3d in Con	iun	ction	n wi	th the	Total Control		

June has 30 Days.

MOON'S PHASES, &c.

Full moon the 8th, at 2 o'clock 49 min. in the afternoon; changeable.

Last quarter the 16th, at 9 o'clock 34 min.

in the forenoon; changeable.

New moon the 23d, at 12 o'clock 33 min. in the morning; clear and pleasant.

First quarter the 30th, at 1 o'clock 14 min. in the morning; clear and pleasant.

Probable State of the Weather.

1st, 2d, 3d pleasant; 4th, 5th thundergust; 6th, 7th, 8th clear; 9th, 10th cloudy; 11th thundergust; 12th, 13th changeable; 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th pleasant; 18th thundergust; 19th, 20th, 21st clear; 22d, 23d cloudy; 24th rain; 25th, 26th, 27th pleasant; 28th, 29th, 30th warm.

SUPREME COURT—at Harrisburg

Court of Quarter Sessions and Common Pleas.

Philadelphia Warren Armstrong Northumberland Delaware Fayette Allegheny Beaver	2 Butler 2 Lehigh 2 Clearfield 2 Montgomery 2 Cambria 2 Fulton 2 Potter	2 Indiana 2 Northampton 2 Carbon 2 M'Kean 2 Lawrence 9 Greene 9 York	9 9 16 16 16 16
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Orange Wine.

Here are two recipes for orange wine—one for a small quantity and one for a large. The

recipes differ in a few particulars:

Take the juice of four dozen oranges and the fresh peel of the oranges; for this number of oranges use ten pounds of sugar, five gallons of water and one pint of the best brandy; heat the water and pour it over the peel; let this stand for three hours, then add the strained juice of the oranges, then the sugar and lastly the brandy; bottle it, and in a few weeks it will be an agreeable beverage.

No. 2 calls for one hundred oranges, twenty-three pounds of sugar, ten gallons of water. Boil the sugar in the water and clarify the syrup with the whites of six eggs. Pour the hot liquor upon the parings of the oranges, add the juice of the oranges and 6 ounces of yeast. Let it ferment for four days, then strain it in a barrel. In three weeks add four quarts of brandy, and in three months the wine will be ready for use.



How to be Weatherwise.

As everybody is interested in the weather, so each one should qualify himself or herself to read the sky, and to interpret the meaning of the winds, sky and clouds. An intensely blue and serene sky indicates heavy rains and severe storms in from twelve to forty-eight hours. A gray, hazy sky indicates continuous dry and generally hot weather. A southeast wind indicates the existence of a low barometer, if not a storm-center in the northwest. The aspects of the sky and clouds will tell whether it means mischief or not. An almost immediate cessation of rain may be expected as soon as the northwest wind sets in. It matters not what the aspects of the sky are when the west wind sets in, fair weather will ensue, and continue from three to four days. The passage of a storm-centre from the Gulf, and southwestward of our locality, is a partial exception only so far that it clears off more tardily.

There are really but two primary kinds of clouds-namely: First, those that float at a great height above the earth's surface; and, second, those that float low. Those that float high - say from six to nine miles - are of a fibrous and gauzy structure. They are hence called cirrus; that is, hair or tuft clouds. The clouds that form in the lower strata of the atmosphere—say from two to three miles above the earth - are irregular in structure, and of a more or less nodular form. They are called the cumulus; that is, a heap or pile of clouds. While the cirrus remains nebular in structure, and indistinctly defined against the sky, no rain need be expected. Under a low barometer, however, the clouds develop by accretion, become smooth and compact, in structure, and much enlarged in volume. They now sink lower and become sharply defined against the blue

JULY, 7th Month.

	76 7		Provide A Total A Total A		
Days.	· h	Moons R. & S. Place.	south. culars.	sun sun sun sun slo. rises. sets. m h m h m	
		morn 5 5		3 4 36 7 24 19	
		12 19 5 17	7 50 2 sets 8 12	4 4 37 7 23 20	
	The second secon	12 51 0 0	8 35 & 4 sets 8 15	4 4 37 7 23 21	
· Friday 4 Inc	dependence 9	1 36 4613	9 21 Din apo. 3 sets 9 50	4 4 37 7 23 22	
Saturday 5 De	emetrius 10	2 18 26	10 8 Regulus sets 9 44	4 4 38 7 22 23	
27] 4th Suns	day after Tri				
Sunday 6 Jos	hn Huss 11	2 49 6610	10 56 b rises 2 38	4 4 38 7 22 24	
Monday 7 Ed	lelburga 12				
Tuesday 8 Aq	uilla 1	rises 10	11 45 y in Perih. 9 8. Anta. so. 9 9	5 4 39 7 21 26	
Wednesd 9 Ze	no 1	8 0 3 25	12 35 Wega south 11 18	5 4 39 7 21 27	
Thursday 10 Isr	cael 2	8 46 3 10			
Friday 11 Pin	us · 3	9 19 25	2 29 d♀⊙ Inferior	5 4 40 7 20 29	
Saturday 12 He	enry 4	9 51 == 10	3 26 3 sets 9 35	5 4 40 7 20 30	
28] 5th Sun	day after Tri				
Sunday 13 Me	argaret 4	10 29 25	4 21 dy Superior	5 4 41 7 19 J.	
Monday 14 Bo		10 59 9	5 18 4 sets 7 50	54 417 19 2	
Tuesday 15 Ap		11 39 22	6 12 6 15. 8	64 427 18 3	
Wednesd 16 Hi	The state of the s	morn. 9	7 6 6 b rises 2 27	64 437 17 4	
Thursday 17 Ale		12 16 21			
	aternus 9	1 15 6 5	9 2 384	64 447 16 6	
Saturday 19 Ru			9 54 dDh & sets 9 18	64 45 7 15 7	
	lay after Trin				
Sunday 20 Eli			10 50 per. h ris. 210		
Monday 21 Pr	The state of the s	4 18 4812	11 31 dDa Dog days com.	0	
Tuesday 22 Ma		sets 24	12 15 22. 24 sets 731	6 4 46 7 14 9 6 4 47 7 13 10	
Wednesd 23 Ap		7 42 6	12 57 E 3D4 Oent.	64 487 1211	
Thursday 24 Ch	ristiana 3	8 1/ 2018	1 49 an Aphelion		
Friday 25 St.	James 3	8 44 4 29	2 41 Pollux sets 8 19		
Saturday 26 St.		9 12 3 11	3 28 d D & & sets 9 6	64 507 1013 64 517 914	
30] 7th Sunday after Trinity. Mark 8. Days' length 14 hours 16 min.					
Sunday 27 Ma	THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF THE PA	9 42 3223	4 14 h rises 1 55	6 4 52 7 8 15	
Monday 28 Pa		10 36 5	4 59 Spica sets 10 14	6 4 53 7 7 16	
Tuesday 29 Be		11 16 5517	5 44 3 29.27*ri.136	64 54 7 617	
Wednesd 30 Ab		morn.	6 29 Alde. ri. 12 52	64 55 7 5 18	
Thursday 31 Ger		12 1 12		64 56 7 4 19	
		1 1100	n with the Sun, and passes		
Morning Star.	Tron in imen	or-conjunction	with the bull, and passes	from Evening to	
· Titoring Court					

July has 31 Days.

MOON'S PHASES, &c.

Full moon the 8th, at 5 o'clock 10 min. in the morning; rain.

Last quarter the 15th, at 4 o'clock 38 min.

in the afternoon; clear and warm.

New moon the 22d, at 7 o'clock 54 min. in the morning; rainy and stormy.

First quarter the 29th, at 5 o'clock 1 min. in the afternoon; clear and pleasant.

Probable State of the Weather.

1st thundergust; 2d, 3d, 4th pleasant; 5th, 6th, 7th warm; 8th, 9th warmest days; 10th, 11th thundergust; 12th, 13th, 14th clear; 15th, 16th cloudy; 17th, 18th, 19th pleasant; 20th, 21st rain; 22d, 23d clear; 24th cloudy; 25th rain; 26th, 27th, 28th warm; 29th thundergust; 30th, 31st clear.

Court of Quarter Sessions and Common Pleas.

Allegheny 7 Blair 28
Schuylkill 7

sky. Rain may now be expected—especially if they unite with the cumulus forming the nimbus, or rain cloud. If the cirrus, instead of forming the nimbus, reascends it dissipates, and no rain need be expected until it lowers again, which generally is in twenty-four hours.

An Easy Way to Raise Strawberries.

Fill with earth any sort of barrel that has been bored well all round with inch holes. Plant strawberries in every hole and in the open top, root downwards and top outwards. It is a great success. It is quite ornate and it will keep for several months in bearing. Every child can have a keg or several can cultivate a half barrel in common, besides industry and economy, to say nothing of fun and health.

—Tar is one of the most useful articles to be kept about the stable. Internally use a teaspoonful night and morning for chronic coughs; externally, it is particularly useful in thrush and all diseases or wounds of the hoof. Mixed with fishoil it is one of the best remedies for hard or brittle hoofs.

-Try taking cod liver oil in tomato catsup if you want to make it palatable.



The Care of Roads.

Every public spirited citizen is interested in the public roads, and it will be his earnest endeavor to have them in good repair.

It is the little things—insignificant affairs they may seem to some, that are overlooked and cause most trouble; it is a small cobble stone lying loose in the road that causes the horse to stumble—perhaps sprain a limb. Small obstructions are always driven over hastily and cause a large share of the breaking of vehicles, which annoy and delay the traveler on his way.

Honest men are always in favor of good roads and sometimes put them down among the "cardinal virtues." Such will make it a Christian duty to strive for improved roads and many a weary traveler will bless them for their efforts. They will watch the road closely and fill up holes before they get large — replace a weak plank in the bridge before it is broken, and remove a projecting stone before it causes injury or damage, even if they receive no compensation for their trouble.

We consider the condition of a country road a true index of the community. The husbandman whose grounds are well tilled and productive, will most likely have good roads over which to draw the products of his farm to market. We should be pleased if in some way we could make an impression upon the owners of the soil, in favor of planting shade trees on the sides of our public roads, behind which the traveler could shelter himself from the blaze of a summer sun. Where this matter has not been attended to, the trees may be transplanted at any time after the growth of the season is over with safety.

-Try snuffing powdered borax up the nostrils for catarrhal 'cold in the head.'

AUGUST, 8th Month.

	MICHES .
Days. Remarkable Days. w. R. & S. Moons and Moon culars. Sets, m. h m. h m.	O. style
Friday 1 Lammas Day 8 2 47 \$25 8 3 \chi stationary \(\chi \) 6 4 57 7 3 \chi	20
Saturday 2 Stephen 9 1 41 9 9 8 50 Orion sets 2 32 6 4 587 22	
31] 8th Sunday after Trinity. Matth. 7. Days' length 14 hours 2 min.	
Sunday 3 Augustus 10 2 34 323 9 39 h rises 1 40 6 4 59 7 1 2	22
Monday 4 Dominic 11 3 24 7 10 28 Sirius rises 4 31 0 6 5 0 7 0	
Tuesday 5 Oswald 12 4 14 22 11 26 Alta. so. 10 41 6 5 1 6 59 2	
Wednesd 6 Tr. of Christ 1 rises 7 morn. 6. 8 sets 8 46 65 26 582	
Thursday 7 Donatus 1 7 30 22 12 39 4 5 Spica se. 9 32 6 5 3 6 5 7 2	
Friday 8 Emilius 2 8 13 27 1 38 7* sets 11 1 5 5 4 6 56 2	
Saturday 9 Ericus 3 8 48 = 22 2 29 2 rises 3 4 Morning Star 5 5 6 55 2	
32] 9th Sunday after Trinity. Luke 16. Days' length 13 hours 48 min.	
Sunday 10 St. Lawrence 4 9 15 7 3 19 Wega south 9 14 5 5 6 6 5 4 2	9
Monday 11 Titus 4 9 52 22 4 10 Rigel rises 2 4 5 5 7 6 53 3	
Tuesday 12 Clara 5 10 15 3 5 4 59 8 Spica sets 9 14 5 5 8 6 52 3	
Wednesd 13 Hildebert 6 10 56 319 5 59 313. b rises 1 0 5 5 9 6 51 A	
Thursday 14 Eusebius 711 39 2 2 6 53 2 8 sets 8 30 5 5 10 6 50	2
Friday 15 Assn. V. M. 8 morn. 15 7 52 Neptune 0 4 4 5 11 6 49	3
Saturday 16 Rochus 9 1 26 127 8 49 in per. 3 b 126 48	4
33]. 10th Sunday after Trinity. Luke 19. Days' length 13 hours 32 min.	
Sunday 17 Bertram 10 2 18 9 9 4 6) 9 9 6 6 146 46	5
Monday 18 Agapetus 11 3 14 21 10 44 2 rises 2 20 45 15 6 45	6
Tuesday 19 Sebaldus 12 4 1 311 39 Orion rises 1 23 45 16 6 44	7
Wednesd 20 Bernard 1 sets 15 12 19 20.00 2 8 Peri. 35 17 6 43 8	8
Thursday 21 Rebecca 2 6 54 227 12 59 Sirius ri. 3 36 35 18 6 42 9	
Friday 22 Philibert 2 7 16 2 8 1 40 3 0 5 sets 7 36 35 196 41 10	0
Saturday 23 Zacheus 3 7 46 3 20 2 20 gr.di.ea. Oent. 3 3 21 6 39 11	1
34] 11th Sunday after Trinity. Luke 18. Days' length 13 hours 16 min.	
Sunday 24 St. Barthol. 4 8 16 2 2 59 d) & sets 8 9 25 226 33 12	2
Monday 25 Eudovicus 5 8 48 14 3 39 8 5 rises 12 22 25 236 37 1:	
1 uesday 20 Samuel 3 9 24 320 4 35 Neptune station. 2 5 246 36 14	
Wednesd 27 Gebhard 610 4 9 5 9 5 Altair so. 920 15 256 35 15	
Thursday 28 St. Augustin 7 10 50 22 5 56 23. Din apogee 15 276 33 16	
Friday 29 St. John beh. 711 42 3 5 6 44 9 rises 2 8 15 286 32 17	
Saturday 30 Benjamin 8 morn. 18 7 32 Dog Days end. 15 296 31 18	
35] 12th Sunday after Trinity. Mark 7. Days' length 12 hours 58 min.	
Sunday 31 Paulinus 9 12 39 1 20 Antares se. 10 4 U 0 5 31 6 29 19	
JUPITER is on the 7th in Conjunction with the Sun and cannot be seen.	

August has 31 Days.

MOON'S PHASES, &c.

Full moon the 6th, at 5 o'clock 6 min. in the afternoon; clear and warm.

Last quarter the 13th, at 10 o'clock 8 min. in the evening; clear and pleasant.

New moon the 20th, at 4 o'clock 54 min. in the afternoon; clear and pleasant.

First quarter the 28th, at 10 o'clock 41 min. in the forenoon; frequent showers.

Probable State of the Weather.

1st 2d, 3d pleasant; 4th, 5th cloudy; 6th, 7th rain; 8th, 9th, 10th clear; 11th, 12th changeable; 13th, 14th, 15th showers; 16th, 17th clear; 18th, 19th, 20th warm; 21st cloudy; 22d, 23d thundergust; 24th, 25th, 26th pleasant; 27th, 28th cloudy; 29th, 30th, 31st clear.

Court of Quarter Sessions and Common Pleas.

2 2 20 00 00 00 0000	1001 200000100	coroca Committee I of	cub.
Northumberland	4 Cameron	11,Tioga	25
Mercer	4 Wyoming	18 Clarion	25
Lackawanna	4 Adams	18 Venango	25
Perry	4 Washington	18 Cumberland	25
Susquehanna	11 Lancaster	18 Westmoreland	25
Northampton	11 Huntingdon	18 Mifflin	25
Berks	11 Centre	25 Somerset	25
Chester	11 Lebanon	25	

Value of the Sunflower.

It is the egg-producing food known for poultry, keeping them in a thriving condition and largely increasing the production of eggs. Every poultry raiser who tries it will find that this seed is the best food known for glossing the plumage of fowls, and is almost indispensable to those who want to fit their birds for exhibition to the best advantage. The Russian sunflower is easily raised, requires very little care, can be grown in fence corners or other places difficult to cultivate. Its production of seed is immense, yielding often at the rate of one hundred bushels to the acre. It should be planted in hills four feet apart, any time from the 10th of May to the first of July. Three quarts of seed will plant an acre.

—For Horses with scratches give one of the following balls every day for three days, then two a week: Barbadoes aloes, 2 ounces; nitrate of potash, 3 ounces; powdered ginger, 4 ounces; molasses sufficient to make eight balls. Feed flax seed tea daily. Exercise regularly.



Lighter Barns and Stables.

The rule observed in nearly all modern houses is to make a dwelling as light and cheerful as possible. Men no longer put windows in their houses two feet wide and three feet high, with panes of glass six by eight inches in size. The rule now runs in the other direction. They want all the light they can get; the more the better. They have learned the value of sunlight not only on the mind, but also on the health. People don't thrive in cells from which daylight has been excluded. Even our farmers, who are sometimes slow to follow the fashions of the hour, admit the correctness and propriety of this modern innovation. The comfortable modern farm house resembles the statelier city . mansion in this respect. There are large windows on all sides, and plenty of them. They feel better in mind and body for them, and would not do without them. But here nearly all our farmers stop. They recognize the great benefits that result from well-lighted dwellings, but when it comes to building barns, they almost invariably ignore this principle. They want to live in the light themselves, but they consign their horses and cattle to the darkness and obscurity which are characteristic of our old-fashioned barns and stables. There are no reasons for believing that domestic animals do not enjoy light quite as much as human beings. On the contrary, experiments have proven that cows give more and better milk when changed from dark stables to light ones, and also that they can be kept in better condition on less food. If returned to their former quarters the flow of milk shrinks at once. Is a stronger argument in favor of better lighted stables needed? When the gasses and smells of a stable combine with darkness, the sight of horses is injured. Windows that shall admit fresh air as well as

SEPTEMBER, 9th Month.

Particular de la constantina della constantina d	AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF			The state of the s	
Weeks and Days.	Remarkable Days.	w. R. & S.	Moons Mo Place. sou		sun sun
Monday	1 Egidius		3-16 0	9 2 rises 2 4	0 K 0010 00100
Tuesday	2 Eliza			56 s sets 7 59	05 336 2721
Wednesd				46 h sets 11 54	15 35 6 25 22
Thursday				34 \stationary	15 36 6 24 23
Friday	5 Nathaniel	1 rises	1 11 mg	rn Siring ri 23	
	6 Magnus	The same of the sa	1 12	rn. Sirius ri. 231 39 Spica ri. 734	1 25 306 21 25
	3th Sunday after		Luke 10		
Sunday	7 Regina			34% Orion ris. 11 54	
Monday	8 Nat. V. M		A 0 2	33 Rigel rises 11 44	25 41 6 19 27
Tuesday	9 Bruno	4 8 59	3	33 gr. Hel. lat. south	3 5 43 6 17 28
Wednesd	10 Pulcheria	5 9 40	元28 4	32 per. Alt. so. 10 30	35 44 6 16 29
Thursday	11 Protus	6 10 27	(新11 5	31 2 rises 2 14	3 5 45 6 15 30
Friday	12 J. Wickliffe		£ 23 6	30 @ 12. dDh	45 476 1331
	13 Amatus	8 morn.	6 7	30 312. 3Dh 29 3 sets 7 49	4 5 48 6 12 S.
	th Sunday after		Luke 1	7. Days' length 12 l	
Sunday	14 Elev. Holy +	9 12 10	18 8	28 h rises 118	4 5 49 6 11 2
	15 Nicetas	10 1 26	E 0 9	27 dD2 0h0	5 5 5 5 6 1 0 3
Tuesday	16 Euphemia	11 2 37			5 5 5 2 6 8 4
	17 Emberday	12 3 40	£24 11	12 7* rises 8 36	5 5 5 3 6 7 5
Thursday	18 Siegfried			58 ♀ rises 2 16	65 546 6 6
	19 Micleta	1 sets	321812	38 , 19. 6¥⊙ Infer	65 566 4 7
Saturday	20 Jonas	2 6 34	DE 0 1	10 € 340 8	65 576 38
	th Sunday after				hours 2 min.
Sunday	21 St. Matthew	3 7 9	№ 12 1 ·	49 ♀ gr. dist. west	7 5 59 6 1 9
Monday	22 Maurice		24 2 3	29 d) d O ent. D & N equal	76 06 010
Tuesday	23 Hoseas		G 6 3	14 Autumn commences	86 25 58 11
Wednesd	24 St. John con.			58 s sets 7 34	86 35 57 12
	25 Cleophas			38 Din apo. hris. 1034	86 46 56 13
	26 Justina			22 rises 2 18	96 55 55 14
Saturday	27 Cosmus			12 27. \(\text{statio.} \cup \)	96 65 54 15
39] 16th Sunday after Trinity. Luke 7. Days' length 11 hours 46 min.					
Sunday	28 Wenceslaus	8 morn.	潮11 6 3	59 Wega south 6 10	9 6 7 5 53 16
	29 St. Michael	9 12 45			106 85 52 17
Tuesday		9 1 50			106 105 50 18

September has 30 Days.

MOON'S PHASES, &c.

Full moon the 5th, at 5 o'clock 55 min. in the morning; rain.

Last quarter the 12th, at 3 o'clock 16 min.

in the morning; cool and rainy.

New moon the 19th, at 4 o'clock 37 min. in the morning; rainy.

First quarter the 27th, at 5 o'clock 20 min. in the morning; damp and rainy.

Probable State of the Weather.

1st, 2d cloudy; 3d thundergust; 4th, 5th, 6th clear; 7th, 8th, 9th changeable; 10th, 11th, 12th pleasant; 13th, 14th thundergust; 15th, 16th, 17th clear; 18th, 19th changeable; 20th, 21st rain; 22d, 23d clear; 24th, 25th, 26th pleasant; 27th, 28th cloudy; 29th, 30th pleasant.

Court of Quarter Sessions and Common Pleas.

TO SHOW THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE P			
Beaver	1 Allegheny	1 Union]
Schuylkill	1 Montgomery	1 Potter	
Columbia	1 Franklin	1 Delaware	
Juniata	1 Erie	1 Bedford]
Fayette	1 Butler	1 M'Kean	2
Cambria	1 Crawford	8 Snyder	2
Armstrong	1 Clinton	8 Sullivan	2
Wayne	1 Indiana	8 Forest	2
Luzerne	1 Bucks	8 Montour	1
Bradford	1 Jefferson	8 Pike	1
Warren	1 Philadelphia	15 Monroe	
Lehigh	1 Elk	15 Clearfield	
Dauphin	i		

light are absolutely essential to their general health. In many new barns these requisites are carefully observed. The animals seem to appreciate the changed condition of things as greatly as human beings would. Let the same principles we apply in our houses be applied to barns and stables. If we find it beneficial, agreeable and desirable in our own cases, have we not reason to think it is equally desirable to the inferior animals committed to our care?

—If people would purchase green coffee and brown it in their houses, there would be fewer cases of diphtheria, scarlet and typhoid fever. The aroma arising from the browning berry is one of the best agents in disinfecting dwellings of impure air. It is easier to buy coffee already browned than to prepare it, but in the preparation once a week saves health and doctor bills. The doors should be left open and let the aroma pervade every room.



How to Have a Bad School.

1st. Elect the most ignorant, bigoted, close-fisted old fogies for Directors.

2d. Employ the cheapest teacher you can get, regardless of qualifications, reputation or experience.

3d. Find all the fault you can with the teacher, and tell everybody; especially let the pupils hear it.

4th. When you hear a bad report about the teacher or the school, circulate it as fast as you can.

5th. Never visit the school or encourage the

6th. Take close notice of what seems to go wrong, (quiz the scholars) and tell everybody about it except the teacher.

7th. Never advise your children to obey the teacher, and when one is punished, rush to the school room before your passion is cooled, and give the teacher a hearing in the matter in the presence of the school, or allow your children to insult the teacher without reproving them.

8th. Be indifferent about sending your children too regularly, and if they make slow progress, blame the teacher.

9th. Never have your children study at home, or inquire about their progress.

10th. Do not be concerned whether they have the necessary books.

In general, conduct your school on the cheapest possible plan, and let your chief concern be to find fault and devise ways of retrenchment.

If these rules are faithfully carried out, you are not likely to fail in having a bad school; to see your children grow up vicious and ignorant or look back with bitter censure on their parents for robbing them of their birth-right; you will see the morals of your district degenerate, and decent and enterprising people move out of it.

OCTOBER, 10th Month.

Weeks and Days. Remarkable Days. H. Moon R. & S. h m Moons Place. Moon south. Miscellaneous Particulars. Sun fast rises. m h m Sun h m Sun fast rises. h m Sun h m Sun fast rises. h m Sun h m Sets. Sets. h m Sets. h m Sets. h
Thursday 2 C. Columbus 10 3 52 9 10 12 5 sets 7 24 11 6 12 5 48 20 Friday 3 Jairus 12 4 56 24 11 4 5 in Perihel. 11 6 13 5 47 21 Saturday 4 Franciscus 1 rises 9 morn. 4 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ 4 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 4 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 5 45 22 10 17th Sunday after Trinity. Luke 14. Days' length 11 hours 28 min. Sunday 5 Placidus 1 6 17 24 12 46 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ sets 7 24 11 6 12 5 48 20 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 4 56 22 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 4 56 22 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 4 56 22 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 4 56 22 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 5 16 5 44 23
Friday 3 Jairus 12 4 56 24 11 4 \$\forall \text{ in Perihel.} \ \frac{11 6 13 5 47 21}{24 \text{ Saturday}} \ \frac{4}{4} \text{ Franciscus} \ \frac{1}{1} \text{ rises} \ \frac{2}{9} \text{ morn.} \ \frac{4}{2} \text{ \frac{3}{2}gr.di.w.} \text{ Dec.vis} \ \frac{11 6 13 5 45 22}{11 6 15 5 45 22} \] 40] 17th Sunday after Trinity. Luke 14. Days' length 11 hours 28 min. Sunday 5 Placidus 1 6 17 24 12 46 \text{ stationary} \ \frac{11 6 16 5 44 23}{11 6 16 5 44 23} \]
40] 17th Sunday after Frinity. Luke 14. Days' length 11 hours 28 min. Sunday 5 Placidus 1 6 17 24 12 46 stationary 116 16 5 44 23
40] 17th Sunday after Frinity. Luke 14. Days' length 11 hours 28 min. Sunday 5 Placidus 1 6 17 24 12 46 stationary 116 16 5 44 23
40] 17th Sunday after Frinity. Luke 14. Days' length 11 hours 28 min. Sunday 5 Placidus 1 6 17 24 12 46 stationary 116 16 5 44 23
N 1 - 1 - 1 C TV 1 - 1 0 C 50 Se O 1 1/2 100 0 X migger 5 27 12 6 17 5 /(3/2)/
Monday 6 Fides 2 6 59 8 1 43 624 8 2 rises 5 27 12 6 17 5 43 24
Tuesday 7 Amelia 3 7 43 22 2 40 Din per. 7*ris. 7 21 12 6 19 5 41 25
Wednesd 8 Pelagius 4 8 46 6 3 39 Sirius rises 12 40 12 6 20 5 40 26
Thursday 9 Dionysius 4 9 43 19 4 38 00 h h rises 9 30 13 6 21 5 39 27
Friday 10 Gereon 5 10 35 2 5 36 Alt. so. 6 41 13 6 22 5 38 28
Saturday 11 Burkhard 6 11 10 14 6 32 11. Ori.r. 10 13 13 6 24 5 36 29
41] 18th Sunday after Trinity. Matth. 22. Days' length 11 hours 10 min.
Sunday 12 Veritas 7 morn. 26 7 27 sets 7 11 136 25 5 35 30
Monday 13 Coloman 812 16 8 8 18 ggr. Hel. lat. north 146 26 5 340.
Tuesday 14 Fortunata 9 1 36 (20 9 6 3) 24 24 rises 1 59 14 6 28 5 32 2
Wednesd 15 Hedwig 10 2 49 2 2 9 54 30 2 rises 2 40 146 29 5 31 3
Thursday 16 Gallus 11 .3 59 32 14 10 40 Fomal south 9 26 14 6 30 5 30 4
Friday 17 Florentina 12 5 19 3 26 11 22 7 3 3 4 Arc. s. 758 146 31 5 29 5
Saturday 18 St. Luke, ev. 1 sets 8 12 10 18. h rises 8 0 15 6 32 5 28 6
42] 19th Sunday after Trinity. Matth. 9. Days' length 10 hours 52 min.
Sunday 19 Ptolomy 1 6 12 20 12 50 20 Antares se. 7 10 15 6 345 26 7
Monday 20 Felicianus 2 6 50 2 2 1 31 Marcab. south 9 22 15 6 35 5 25 8
Tuesday 21 Ursula 3 7 30 cc 15 2 11 30 2 sets 7 0 156 365 24 9
Wednesd 22 Cordula 4 8 40 28 2 52 2 rises 2 59 15 6 38 5 22 10
Wednesd 22 Cordula Thursday 23 Severinus Friday 24 Salome Saturday 25 Crispin 4 8 40 28 2 52 \(\text{rises 2 59} \) 4 9 35 \(\text{411} \) 5 10 37 \(\text{224} \) 8 4 59 \(\text{rises 1 29} \) 15 6 38 5 22 10 16 6 40 5 20 12 16 6 41 5 19 13
Friday 24 Salome 5 10 37 \$24 4 16 o enters 5 0 16 6 40 5 20 12
Saturday 25 Crispin 6 11 43 8 4 59 4 rises 1 29 16 6 41 5 19 13
43] 20th Sunday after Trinity. Matth. 22. Days' length 10 hours 36 min.
Sunday 26 Amandus 6 morn. 22 5 39 26 Sir.ri.1132 16 6 42 5 18 14
Monday 27 Sabina 7 12 51 52 6 6 26 1 h rises 7 33 16 6 43 5 17 15
Tuesday 28 Simon Jud. 8 1 54 20 7 12 Orion rises 9 10 16 6 45 5 15 16
Wednesd 29 Zwinglius 9 2 49 4 7 59 2 rises 3 10 16 6 46 5 14 17
Thursday 30 Serapion 9 3 39 = 19 8 49 Altair sets 11 54 16 6 47 5 13 18
Friday 31 Reformation 10 4 25 4 9 40 Procyon ris. 10 56 16 3 48 5 12 19

October has 31 Days.

MOON'S PHASES, &c.

Full moon the 4th, at 5 o'clock in the evening; cool and pleasant.

Last quarter the 11th, at 9 o'clock 29 min.

in the forenoon; changeable.

New moon the 18th, at 7 o'clock 31 min. in the evening; clear and cool.

First quarter the 26th, at 11 o'clock 54 min. in the evening; clear and frosty.

Probable State of the Weather.

1st, 2d cloudy; 3d, 4th rain; 5th, 6th changeable; 7th, 8th, 9th clear; 10th, 11th, 12th pleasant; 13th, 14th, 15th cloudy; 16th, 17th rain; 18th, 19th, 20th clear; 21st, 22d stormy; 23d, 24th, 25th changeable; 26th, 27th rain; 28th, 29th, clear; 30th, 31st pleasant.

SUPREME COURT-at Pittsburg

Court of Quarter Sessions and Common Pleas.

Mercer	6 Lawrence	6 Blair	13
Fulton	6 Lackawanna	6 Carbon	13
Lycoming	6 Greene	6 Perry	27
York	6 Washington	13 Chester	27
Allegheny	6 Northampton	13	

The Law of Public Sales.

In sale by auction there are three parties, viz: The owner of the property to be sold, the auctioneer, and a portion of the public. articles must be sold without reserve, and unless the vendor reserve one bid he cannot bid himself or have the auctioneer or any one else bid for him. There are cases on record where a bid was not reserved, and the vendor had a bidder who bought it in, and afterwards suit was brought against the vendor by the highest bidder for the article, and it was decided that he, the plaintiff, was the highest outside bidder entitled to the article against the vendor. So, also, if any article is struck off to a person, and it is afterward ascertained that the vendor or auctioneer practiced fraud, by bidding himself, or had puffers, it was held both by the courts Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, that the purchaser could not be held, but the purchaser as soon as he discovers the fraud practiced on him must return or tender the article to the vendor.

-Cold water off of wild cherry bark drank will cure night sweats.



Where to Plant an Orchard.

There has been considerable discussion of late as to the best site of setting out an apple orchard—and we may add a peach orchard also. From our own knowledge of this subject, and from what we have learned from others, and what we have seen in passing through regions where the apple was a crop of much importance, we should undoubtedly select a northern exposure. Leading apple growers, we are assured, agree to this. We do not say that apples will not do well in valleys or southern exposures, but not uniformly so well by any means. Any one who does not know and is desirous to be informed, should understand that uniformity of temperature and retardation in budding are almost everything in preserving the health and promoting the productiveness of almost any fruit tree. An orchard planted -- say in this latitude—on a hillside with a full northern exposure always stands the winter and is almost unfailingly productive. While, on the other hand, that with a southern exposure, planted in valleys, or protected by belts or trees, is liable to constant changes of temperature, buds early, and is subject to the visitation of late frosts, which generally prevail only in low situations, and to the constant destructions of the crop. It may be just as well for those who may contemplate the setting out of an orchard the coming spring to bear this in mind. of us desire to know the surest way to success of England, and so repeatedly decided by the in the cultivation of any crop, and this is unquestionably the surest way in apple growing, and in peach growing, too.

> -Chloride of lime sprinkled about a place will drive away the rats, mice, and insects. Bits of broken glass and plaster of Paris will effectually stop up rat-holes.

NOVEMBER, 11th Month.

Remarkable Days. R. & S. Moons Moon Place. south Miscellaneous Particulars. Rash rises. sets. 2 3 3 44 21 21 21 21 32 32 32 32	Employed a service of the service of
A4 21st Sunday after Trinity. John 4. Days' length 10 hours 18 min.	Days. Place. south. culars. m h m h m h m
Sunday A Charlotte 2 6 22	Saturday 1 All Saints 11 5 10 18 10 32 32 32 32 33 5 16 6 50 5 10 20
Monday 3 Theophilus 1 rises 16 morn. 3 3.0ri. se. 8 48 16 6 52 5 822 16 morn. 3 3.0ri. se. 8 48 16 6 52 5 822 16 morn. 3 3.0ri. se. 8 48 16 6 52 5 822 16 morn. 3 8 40 12 20 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 53 5 723 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 6 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 6 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 6 5 624 16 mper. \$60 Supe. 16 6 54 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5	44] 21st Sunday after Trinity. John 4. Days' length 10 hours 18 min.
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	Sunday 30 St. Andrew 11 4 34 11 10 7 Wega sets 10 52 11 7 18 4 42 18

November has 30 Days.

MOON'S PHASES, &c.

Full moon the 3d, at 3 o'clock 36 min. in the morning; rainy and stormy.

Last quarter the 9th, at 6 o'clock 12 min. in the evening; clear and frosty.

New moon the 17th, at 1 o'clock 11 min. in the afternoon; rain.

First quarter the 25th, at 5 o'clock 15 min. in the evening; clear and cold.

Probable State of the Weather.

1st, 2d, 3d changeable; 4th, 5th, 6th pleasant; 7th, 8th rain; 9th, 10th, 11th clear; 12th, 13th cloudy, rain; 14th, 15th, 16th pleasant; 17th, 18th 19th, changeable; 20th, 21st cloudy; 22d, 23d, 24th clear; 25th, 26th, 27th snow; 28th, 29th clear, cold; 30th changeable.

GENERAL	ELECTION				1
SUPREME	Court-at	Philadelphia		13	7

Court of Quarter Sessions and Common Pleas.

Lebanon	3 Westmoreland	10 Somerset	10
Schuylkill	3 Mifflin	10 Lancaster	17
Crawford	10 Wyoming	10 Luzerne	17
Berks	10 Lehigh	10 Dauphin	17
Huntingdon	10 Clearfield	10 Tioga	24
Susquehanna	10 Cameron	10 Clarion	24
Cumberland	10 Erie	10 Centre	24
Adams	10 Northumberlan	d10 Venango	24

Weight of Eggs.

Light Brahmas and partridge Cochins, 7 to the pound; they lay, according to treatment and keeping, from 80 to 100 per annum, oftentimes more, if kept well. Dark Brahmas, 8 to the lb. and about 70 per annum. Black, white, and buff Cochins, 8 to the fb.; 100 is a large vield per annum. Plymouth Rocks, 8 to the fb. lay 150 per annum; non-sitters. La Fleche, 7 to the fb. lay 130 per annum; non-sitters. Black Spanish, 7 to the fb. lay 150 per annum. Dominiques, 9 to the lb. lay 130 per annum. Games, 9 to the fb. lay 130 per annum. Crevecœurs, 7 to the fb. lay 150 per annum. Leg horns, 9 to the lb. lay from 150 to 200 per annum. Hamburgs, 9 to the lb. lay 170 per annum. Polish, 9 to the 1b. lay 150 per annum. Bantams, 16 to the lb. lay 60 per annum. Turkeys, eggs 5 to the fb. lay from 30 to 60 per annum. Ducks, eggs vary greatly with different species, from 5 to 6 to the lb. and from 14 to 25 per annum. Geese, 4 to the fb. lay 20 per annum. Guineas, 11 to the fb. lay 60 per annum.



Thanksgiving.

What time the latest flower hath bloomed, The latest bird hath southward flown; When silence weaves o'er garnered sheaves Sweet idyls in our northern zone; When scattered children rest beside The hearth, and hold the mother's hand,—Then rolls Thanksgiving's ample tide Of fervent praise across the land.

And through the autumn stillness broods
Where spring was glad with song and stir,
Though summer's grace leave little trace
On fields that smiled at sight of her,
Still glow the sunset's altar-fire,
With crimson flame and heart of gold.
And faith uplifts, with strong desire
And deep content, the hymns of old.

We bless our God for wondrous wealth,
Through all the bright benignant year;
For shower and rain, for ripened grain;
For gift and guerdon, far and near.
We bless the ceaseless Providence
That watched us through the peaceful days,
That led us home, or brought us thence,
And kept us in our various ways.

And if the hand so much that gave
Hath something taken from our store,
If caught from sight, to heaven's pure light,
Some precious ones are here no more,
We still adore the Friend above,
Who, while earth's road grows steep and dim,
Yet comforts us, in tender love,
And holds our darlings close to him.

Thanks then, O God! from sea to sea
Let every wind the anthem bear!
And hearts be rife, through toil and strife,
With joyful praise and grateful prayer.
Our fathers' God, their children sing
The grace they sought through storm and sun
Our harvest tribute here we bring,
And end it with, "Thy will be done!"

DECEMBER, 12th Month.

English and a second	Contract of the latest and the second second second	-	THE RESERVE OF SHIPTING THE SAME	THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF	CONTRACTOR OF STREET,	AND SHARE THE PROPERTY AND PARTY AND
Weeks and Days.	Remarkable Days.	H. Moo w. R. & h h r		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	Miscellaneous Parti- culars.	sun sun sun sun fast rises sets. m h m h m
Monday	1 Longinus	12 5	40 224	11 16	rises 43 U	1117 194 41119
Tuesday	2 Candidus	1 rise	18 68 7	morn	2.) in perigee	117 194 41 20
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Thursday		2 6	10 3	1 40	Regulus ri. 1 16	107 204 4022
Friday	5 Abigail		37 4816	2 38	σββ ggr. Hel. lat. n.	97 214 39 23
	6 St. Nicholas		33 29		ggr. Hel. lat. south	
	Sunday in Adv		Luke 2		Days' length 9 l	nours 16 min.
Sunday	7 Agathon	5 9 3	32 6611	4 19	2 rises 4 12	87 224 3825
	8 Conc. V. M.		28 4 23	5 17	3)4 4 rises 10 51	
	9 Joachim		25 3 5		9. Ori. ri. 6 18	
Wednesd			n. 3917		Th south 120	
Thursday	11 Barsabas		24 基第29		Sirius rises 8 22	
	12 Ottilia		26 5 11		8 h ⊙ 7* south 7 20	
Saturday	13 Lucy		28 5 23	9 36	Arietis so. 8 36 &	
50] 3d	Sunday in Adv	STATE OF THE OWNER, WHEN THE PARTY OF THE OWNER, WHEN THE PARTY OF THE OWNER, WHEN THE OWNER, WHEN THE OWNER,	Matth.	Name and Address of the Owner, where	Days' length 9 h	ours 10 min.
Sunday	14 Nicasius	11 3 5	8 编 5	10 24	dD2 2 rises 4 24	5 7 25 4 35 2
Monday	15 Ignatius		7 18		Rigel south 11 37	47 25 4 35 3
Tuesday	16 Ananias) in apogee	47 25 4 35 4
	17 Emberday	1 sets	s \$315	12 39	17. ggr.dis.ea.	3 7 25 4 35 5
Thursday	18 Arnold	2 5 4			dD∂ \$ sets 5 20 U	
Friday	19 Abraham		2 藏13		3D\$ 5 south 11 35	
Saturday	20 Ammon				24 rises 10 10	27 25 4 35 8
	h Sunday in Adv		John 1	STATE OF THE OWNER, WHEN PARTY AND PARTY.	Days' length 9	hours 8 min.
Sunday	21 St. Thomas	4 8 4	3 3 12	3 24	Oent. Shortest Day	17 26 4 34 9
Monday	22 Beata	4 9 4	4 5 27	4 12	□ \ Winter com.	17 25 4 35 10
Tuesday	23 Dagobert	5 10 4	5 -11	4 54	2 rises 4 48	17 25 4 35 11
Wednesd	24 Adam, Eve	6 11 4	9 = 25	5 40	Regul. se. 9 1	\$ 7 25 4 35 12
Thursday	25 Christmas	7 morr	1. 9	6 26	25. \station.	है 7 25 4 35 13
Friday	26 Stephen	7 12 5	8 23	7 9	Regul. se. 9 1 25. § station. Wega sets 8 54 3	1 7 25 4 35 14
Saturday !	27 John, Evan.	8 1 4	4 7	7 54	Sirius rises 7 30	1 7 25 4 35 15
52] Sunday after Christmas. Luke 2. Days' length 9 hours 10 min.						
	28 H.Innocents	9 2 4	9 藏 20	8 43	4 sets 9 41	27 254 3516
Monday	29 Noah	10 3 5	6 2 3	9 44	3\$3 h south 112	27 24 4 36 17
Tuesday :	30 David	11 5	4 6 16 1	10 46	gin Perihelions Dh	37 24 4 36 18
Wednesd	31 Sylvester) in per. O in apo.	
SATURN is	on the 12th in Ol	Marie Colored Colored Colored			nd shines the whole ni	

December has 31 Days.

MOON'S PHASES, &c.

Full moon the 2d, at 1 o'clock 59 min. in the afternoon; rain or snow.

Last quarter the 9th, at 6 o'clock 30 min. in the morning; cold and stormy.

New moon the 17th, at 8 o'clock 24 min. in the morning; cold rain.

First quarter the 25th, at 8 o'clock 21 min. in the morning; rain or snow.

Probable State of the Weather.

1st, 2d mild; 3d, 4th cloudy, snow; 5th, 6th mild; 7th, 8th changeable; 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th clear; 14th, 15th cloudy; 16th, 17th, 18th rain; 19th, 20th, 21st cold; 22d, 23d changeable; 24th, 25th snow; 26th, 27th 28th clear; 29th, 30th, 31st cold.

Court of Quarter Sessions and Common Pleas.

Philadelphia	1 Butler	Jefferson	8	
Bucks	1 Beaver	1	Potter	8
Armstrong	1 Bedford	1	Elk	15
Indiana	1 Cambria	1	Sullivan	15
Bradford	1 Warren	1	Montour	15
Allegheny	1 Wayne	1	M'Kean	15
Favette	1 Montgomery		Pike	15
Franklin	1 Lycoming		Union	15
Delaware	1 Clinton		Monroe	22
Columbia	1 Snyder	-8	Forest	22
Juniata	1 Northampton	8		

To Stop the Flow of Blood.

Housekeepers, merchants and others in handling knives, tools and other sharp instruments, very frequently receive severe cuts, from which blood flows profusely, and oftentimes endangers life itself. Blood may be made to cease flowing, as follows: Take the fine dust of tea, at all times accessible and easily obtained, and bind it close to the wound. After the blood has ceased to flow, laudanum may be advantageously applied to the wound. Due regard to these instructions would save much agitation of mind while running for the surgeon.

—A new composition used to prevent wood from warping or shrinking, and which can be applied to the felloes of wheels to prevent the loosening of tires, as well as to buckets or casks which are to stand in the sun, is composed of one gallon of linseed oil, four ounces of common salt, two ounces of saltpetre, and one pint of turpentine, to be thoroughly mixed and applied to the wood while hot.



A Valuable Table.

The following tables are of interest. They are from the report made by the Tariff Commission, and were used during the recent session of Congress in the course of a speech in the interest of protection. The dates are calculated from 1876.

AGE.
United States, dating from the Declaration of In- dependenceyears. 100
United Kingdom, dating from William the
Conqueror 800
France deting from Charlemagne 1,100
Germany " " " " " 1,100
Austria, " " " 1,100
Russia, dating from Peter the Great
POPULATION.
United States 50.150 000
Great Britain 34,505 000
France
Tranco
dermany
Russia 82,400 000
100 Jec 000

•	114501141111111111111111111111111111111	Charles of the Control of the Contro
į	WEALTH.	
	United States	\$55,000,000,000
	Great Britain	45,000,000,000
	France	40,000,000,000
	Germany	25,000,000,000
	Russia	
	Russia	The second secon
	Austria	12,000,000,000
	DEBT.	
	United States	\$1,800,000,000
	Great Britain	3,800,000,000
	France	
	Germany	
	Russia	2.000.000,000
	Russia	
	Austria	2,000,000,000
	EXPENSE.	
	United States	\$257,000,000
í	Great Britain	415,000,000
	CICAO DITOUILI IIII	

Great Diritary	650,000,000
France	
Germany	150,000,000
Derman J	600,000,000
Russia	VII. 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
Austria	370,000,000
PRODUCTION.	
United States-Agriculture	\$7.500,000,000
O littled States—High culture	8,000,000,000
Manufactures	
Great Britain-Agriculture	1,200,000,000
Manufactures	
France-Agriculture	0 000 000 000
	0 500 000 600
Manufactures	
Germany-Agriculture	1,800,000,000
Manufactures	
Russia-Agriculture	
Manufactures	1,300,000,000
Austria - Agriculture	
	1 500 000 000
Manufactures	1,500,000,000



A Thrilling Story of Suffering and Heroism.

oism of the Dustan family of Haverhill, Mass., lying around the thriving town of Haverhill. belongs to the long remembered and oft re- Before the country could be roused to offer any hearsed host of border adventures of the early days of New England, which for generations killed many of the settlers, and were hurrying formed the staple of chimney corner stories.

It is a tale of the days when parties of Indians, often accompanied by French partisans burning timbers lit up the landscape far and as daring and enduring as the redmen them- wide with their lurid glare. selves, dashed down on the outlying New England towns, filling all with fire and havoc. They were, indeed, days when every man and sick woman-Hannah Dustan by name. She every woman carried their lives in their hands, was just recovering from a severe illness, and and any moment might be that of a struggle was attended by a poor, but faithful friendagainst overwhelming odds.

As the long Winter was passing away, and

The thrilling story of the sufferings and her-party of Indians made a descent upon the farms organized resistance, the fierce invaders had off thirty-nine persons as prisoners, after having given to the flames a dozen houses, whose

> In the midst of the noise and devastation, there lay, helpless, in one of the houses a poor. Mary Neff.

Hannah Dustan was the mother of eight all looked hopefully to the coming Spring, a children, whose ages varied from two years to

tremblingly to her breast.

The distracted husband rushed wildly toward his home at the first noise of the firing, and, to his horror and dismay, he saw a party of Indians coming toward the cabin at the same moment.

Hastly summoning his children together, he bade them fly for their lives, and he then hastened to succor his poor wife; but, to his horror and dismay, the Indians had now got so near to the dwelling that, utterly despairing of being of any use to her, he seized his rifle, sprang on his horse, and hastened after his children, resolving to protect them to the death.

The Indians soon opened fire on him. The arrows whistled like hail around his head, but he calmly loaded and fired as fast as he could, retreating with his children all the time, but keeping his face to the foe, and hurrying the

little ones to their utmost.

At last they managed to reach a small stone building, and carefully barricaded themselves within. We must now return to the poor wife.

When the Indians neared the house, the poor nurse tried to escape with the new-born infant, but soon fell into their hands. The monsters then entered the cabin, and forced Mrs. Dustan to rise.

Half-dead with pain and fright, she rose and sank fainting into a chair by the chimney, while the redskins began to rifle the habitation of every little valuable.

They were then led away with some dozen other captives, and the house burned to the

ground.

They had not gone many yards, when one of their brutal captors snatched the infant from the nurse's arms and dashed its brains out against a tree.

Many poor women were unable to keep pace immediately slain and left for the birds and

beasts to prey upon.

captors for about twelve miles that day, and trial of it.

seventeen, and a babe, a week old, nestled continued on the march without any sensible damage to their health for about one hundred and fifty miles, that being about the distance that the savages traversed during the ensuing few days.

As soon as they had arrived at the Indian village, the chief, who had captured them, laid claim to Hannah Dustan and Mary Neff.

The Indian family to whose share they had fallen, consisted of twelve persons -two stout

men, three women and seven children.

The family now started with their captives for the chief town of the tribe, intending to make them run the gantlet there—this being the customary manner of receiving a captive into the town.

But Fate willed that these heroic women were not to be subjected to this fresh indignity.

One night as they were on the march, Hannah quietly awakened her companion in captivity, and, seizing the arms of the sleeping braves, they proceeded to kill the savages. They then deliberately scalped the whole of them, and made their way back to the settle-

For cutting off the scalps of the wretches they received fifty pounds from the General Assembly of the province, as a recompense for their actions, besides which they received many presents of congratulations from their private

Colonel Nicolson, the Governor of Maryland, hearing of their brave action sent them a very generous token of his favor, and of the high appreciation he had of their bravery.

The meeting between husband and wife after their terrible separation was touching in the extreme, Mary Neff standing by and shedding tears of joy and thankfulness.

-One of the best things in the world to give with the savage crew; these poor souls were a horse, after he has been driven, is a quart of oatmeal stirred in a pail of water. It refreshes and strengthens him, relieves his immediate Hannah Dustan and her nurse managed by thirst, and prepares his stomach for more solid superhuman exertions to keep up with their food. So says a person after twenty years'

Anecdotes.

A Hard Witness.

"Do you know the prisoner well?" asked the attorney.

"Never knew him sick," replied the witness. "No levity," said the lawyer, sternly. "Now,

sir, did you ever see the prisoner at the bar?" "Took many a drink with him at the bar."

"Answer my question, sir," yelled the lawyer. "How long have you known the prisoner?"

"From two feet up to five feet ten inches."

"Will the Court make the-"

"I have, Jedge," said the witness, anticipating the lawyer: "I have answered the question. I knowed the prisoner when he was a boy two feet long and a man five feet ten."

"Your Honor-"

"It's fact, Jedge, I'm under oath," persisted the witness.

The lawyer arose, placed both hands on the table in front of him, spread his legs apart, leaned his body over the table, and said:

"Will you tell the Court what you know

about this case?"

"That ain't his name," replied the witness.

"What ain't his name!"

"Case."

"Who said it was?"

"You did. You wanted to know what I knew about this case. His name's Smith."

"Your Honor," howled the attorney, plucking his beard out by the roots, "will you make this man answer?"

"Witness," said the Judge, "you must answer

the questions put to you."

"Land o' Goshen, Jedge, hain't I been doin' it? Let the blamed cuss fire away. I'm ready."

"Then," said the lawyer, "don't beat about the bush any more. have been friends?"

"Never," promptly responded the witness.

"What! Wasn't you summoned here as a friend?"

terian. Nary one of us was ever Friends. these times.

He's an old-line Baptist, without a drop of Quaker in him."

"Stand down," yelled the lawyer, in disgust.

"Hey?"

"Stand down."

"Can't do it. I'll sit down or stand up-" "Sheriff, remove the man from the box."

Witness retires, muttering: "Well, if he ain't the thick-headedest cuss I ever laid eyes on."

A Little Fellow came up to his mother the other morning, and with great earnestness said: "Mother, I saw something run across the kitchen floor this morning, and it hadn't any legs, either; what do you suppose it was?" The mother's curiosity was excited at the apparent strangeness of the supposed animal, and not knowing what else to say, she said she supposed it was a worm, or something of that sort, she did not know what. Having for some time enjoyed his mother's inability to solve the problem, he said, "It was some water."

One Afternoon a Stranger, observing a crowd of people entering a church, approached a man of gloomy aspect, who was standing near the entrance, and asked: "Is this a funeral?" "Funeral? No!" was the sepulchral answer, "It's a wedding." "Excuse me," added the stranger; "but I thought, from your serious looks, that you might be a hired mourner." "No." returned the man, with a weary look in his eyes. "I'm a son-in-law of the bride's mother."

An Aged Colored Man was hastening home from church, and was asked why he was in so great a hurry. "O, nothin' partiklar, Boss," was his answer; "on'y I jess heerd at de Confrunce dat Sam Johnson's fell f'm grace, an' I thought I'd get right home's soon's I could'n You and the prisoner lock up my chickens; that's all."

George Washington never told a lie and he got to be President of the Republic. But times have changed now. George couldn't be elected "No, sir; I was summoned here as a Presby- to the Legislature in any state if he lived in

Thad Stevens' Hair.

John L. Thomas, ex-Congressman, tells this good story about the great commoner of Pennsylvania: When I was in Congress I used to be a frequenter of the room of Thad Stevens. One day, while talking together, a visitor entered unexpectedly. She was a tall, raw-boned woman, with ox-bow spectacles on the bridge of her nose and a bulky green gingham umbrella. She handed Mr. Stevens a card with the words: "Abigail Meechan, Kennebunkport, Me." and said:

"Do I have the honor of beholding the Hon.

Thad Stevens, of Pennsylvania?"

Somewhat embarrassed, Mr. Stevens acknowledged his identity and asked his visitor to be

seated.

"Thank you, no," was the reply, "but I wish to say, sir, that in my quiet home down East I have heard of your glorious efforts in behalf of the emancipated slave, of your heroic treatment of the Southern question, and of your undying hostility to the enemies of my country, and I have traveled hither, sir, to ask the privilege of shaking your hand."

She shook it.

"Now, sir, I have one more favor to ask. It is a souvenir of this interview—I wish to take home with me, if I may be so bold as to ask it, a lock of the great commoner's hair."

Old Thad was for a moment more embarrassed than I ever saw him before; then he smiled faintly; he put his hand to his scalplock and, lifting his brown wig bodily, laid it upon the table, leaving his pate as bald as a billiard ball. "There is every hair on my head, madam; make your own choice of a lock."

Need it be added that the woman did it?

A Lawyer, not over young nor handsome, examining a young lady witness in court, determined to perplex her, and said: "Miss, upon my word, you are very pretty." The young lady very promptly replied: "I would return the compliment with pleasure, sir, if I were not on oath."

Effective Speeches.

One of those individuals who are in the habit of inflicting twaddle on the Sunday Schools they visit, if invited by a too credulous superintendent to speak, once received a back set as follows: "Children," he said, "My name is John Smith. I am from New York, and on my way to Chicago, and I thought I would stop and tell you if you did not love the Lord Jesus, you would all go down to hell.—Now let us see if you can remember what I have told you. What is my name?"

"John Smith."

"Where did I come from?"

"New York."

"Where am I going?"

"To hell," the children shouted. It will be seen from the above it is well to be perfectly clear in your illustrations, especially to the infant class. Said a speaker, "Children, there was a little boy who used to swear and fight, who learned to love Jesus, and by and by died and went to heaven. Now, children, what must we do to go to heaven?" "Swear and fight," was the instant reply.

A Couple of Young Fellows went out fishing the other day, and on returning were going past a farm house and felt hungry. They yelled to the farmer's daughters: "Girls, have you any buttermilk?" The reply was gently wafted back to their ears: "Yes, but we keep it for our own calves." The boys calculated that they had business away—and they went.

A Class in School was reciting in natural history. Said the teacher: "Can any boy name to me any animal of the order Edentata—that is, a front tooth, toothless animal?" A boy, whose face beamed with pleasure at the prospect of a good mark, replied: "I can." "Well, what is the animal?" "My grandmother!" replied the boy, in great glee.

At a Revival in a colored church, an old colored woman exclaimed: "Glory, I'se jist like sody-water, I'se bilin' over."

Receipts.

For Croup, administer a teaspoonful of strong alum water; repeat the dose every fifteen minutes until free vomiting occurs. Put the feet and limbs in hot water, and then wrap up in flannel; place on the chest a poultice of cornmeal sprinkled with mustard. Beware of cold draughts. As the attack departs, administer a dose of magnesia, rhubarb, or castor oil. When the children are liable to croup, always keep the alum water solution ready on the wash-stand .- A teaspoonful of glycerine has been found also very efficacious; if the case is severe, give two teaspoonsful.

Rusks .-- Thoroughly mix with one quart of sifted flour, loosely measured, two heaping teaspoonsful Horsford's Baking Powder, and one teaspoonful salt. Then mix the beaten yolks of three eggs with half a cupful butter and one cupful sugar. Now stir up the flour prepared as above, with water, making a dough of the proper consistency for bread; then add the eggs, butter and sugar, and mix well together. Form into little cakes and rub the tops with sugar and water mixed, and then sprinkle dry sugar over

them. Bake Immediately.

How to attain Long Life.—A distinguished German physician advises all who wish to attain a long life to swallow daily the juice of six or eight lemons. He believes that the citric acid will quickly dissolve and carry off the surplus of food and decaying matter, and almost indefinitely preserve health. The same end is attained, according to the testimony of many octogenarians, by drinking freely of buttermilk, as the lactic acid dissolves the lime, which old age has a surplus of.

How to treat the Rose Bush.—A covering of tobacco stems at the roots of a rose bush, to remain all winter, will prevent the ravage of all bugs which are foes of the plant, and is a sure death influence on the rose slug. When treated in this manner the bush produces a more vigorous rose, rich in color, because the roots are more capable of performing all the work nature designed them to do. In regions where segar-making is carried on extensively, roses ought to be raised in great perfection.

Quaker's Plum Pudding .- Take slices of light bread, spread thinly with butter, and lay in a pudding dish layers of this bread and raisins till within an inch of the top. Add five eggs well beaten and a quart of milk, and pour over the pudding; salt and spice to taste. Bake it twenty or twenty-five minutes, and eat with wine sauce. Before using the raisins boil them in a little water, and put it

Sponge-Drops.—Beat four eggs to a stiff froth; then stir in one heaping cupful of sugar, and one cupful and a third of flour. One teaspoonful of baking powder should be thoroughly mixed with the flour. Flavor with lemon and drop from a dessert-spoon on buttered paper spread on tin plates. The oven should be hot, and the cakes will bake in a few minutes. They require watching, as they are very likely to brown too much.

An Excellent Ointment for Sores, Burns, &c .- Melt 2 pounds of sheep's tallow, stew in it a goodly quantity of the leaves of stramonium or Jamestown weed-commonly called gympsum weed-bruised, some of the inner rind of elder bushes; when the leaves are crisp strain through a cloth, add 4 oz. of rosin, 2 oz. of beeswax, heat until all are dissolved, and then cool it, and it can be boxed or

kept in cakes for use.

Furniture Potish .- Take equal parts of sweet-oil, turpentine and vinegar mixed together and apply with sponge or wollen cloth. Rub dry.

To cure Ivy Poisoning bathe the parts affected with sweet spirits of nitre. If the blisters be broken, so as to allow the nitre to penetrate the enticle, more than a single application is rarely necessary; and even where it is only applied to the surface of the skin three or four times a day, there is rarely a trace of the poison left next morn-

Soft Gingerbread with Nuts .- One full cup of butter, two cups white sugar, worked together; one cup of good mo-lasses, one cup of sweet milk, five cups of sifted flour, lightly measured, with one tablespoonful of ginger and two of cinnamon, both powdered. When all is well-beaten together, add the kernels from a pound of English wal-

nuts, and bake in a flat pan.

To make Hamburg Bitters.—Grind to a coarse powder 2 ounces agaric, 5 ounces cinnamon, 4 ounces cassia buds, 1 ounce grains of paradise, 3 ounces quassia wood, 3 ounce cardamon seeds, 3 ounces gentian root, 3 ounces orange apples dried, 12 ounces orange peel; macerate with 44 gallons 95 per cent. alcohol, mixed with 54 gallons water; add 23 ounces acetic ether; color, brown.

Rhubarb Jelly .- Cut the rhubarb into pieces but do not peel it. Steam it till very soft. Lay it on a sieve to drain over right till the juice is all out, pressing it a little the last thing. To a pint of juice allow not quite a pound of sugar. Boil the juice and skim. Heat the sugar in the oven, then add to the boiling juice, and boil till it forms

jelly when tried.

Sure Oure for Corns.—Take one-fourth cup of strong vinegar, crumb finely into it some bread. Let stand half an hour, or until it softens into a good poultice. Then apply, on retiring at night. In the morning the soreness will be gone, and the corn can be picked out. If the corn is a very obstinate one, it may require two or more applications to effect a cure.

For Worms put an egg-shell in the oven and let it dry thoroughly, being careful not to let it scorch. When dry make a powder of it and mix it with syrup. Give a scant half teaspoonful before breakfast. In the evening-say at bedtime--give the child a mild purgative. Do this for

two or three days, as the case may require.

How to Wash Dishes .- Fill a dish pan full of hot water and add half a cup of milk. It softens the hardest water, gives the dishes a clear, bright look, and preserves hands from rough skin or chapping, which comes from using soap. It cleans the greasiest dishes without leaving the water covered with scum.

To Make Meat Tender .- Cut the steaks the day before into slices about two inches thick, rub them over with a small quantity of soda; wash off next morning, cut into suitable thickness, and cook as you choose. The same process will answer for fowls, legs of mutton, etc. Try it,

all who love delicious, tender dishes of meat.

Velvet Cream .- Two tablespoonsful of gelatin dissolved in a half-tumbler of water; one pint of rich cream; four tablespoonsful of sugar; flavor with sherry, vanilla extract or rose water. Put in molds and set on the ice. This is a delicious dessert and can be made in a few minutes. It may be served with or without cream.

To rid hen-roosts and pigeon-lofts of insects which prey upon the birds, put two ounces of sulphuret of carbon in a bottle and hang it uncorked in the hennery or dove-cote. Replenish once a week; the cost is small. It will not injure the fowls, and is said to be infallible.

To take Stains out of Mahogany Furniture use spirits of salts and salt of lemons, six parts of the former to one of the latter; mix, and put a few drops on the stains, then

rub until the stain is removed.

Blackberry Wine .- 3 quarts juice, 1 quart cold water, 3 pounds white sugar: Put these into a jug, leave out the cork; place over the top a piece of lace. The jug must be full so in working the impurities are cast off. Set in the cellar. In spring draw off

Boiled Horse Radish. Sp!it the roots and cut them into rather small pieces. Boil them until tender in slightly salted water with a tablespoonful of vinegar added to it. Serve in a hot dish with drawn butter sauce poured over them. This is a wholesome dish.

For Dyspepsia, pour one quart of cold water on two ta-blespoonsful of unslaked lime; let stand a few minutes, bottle and cork, and when clear it is ready for use; put three tablespoonsful in a cup of milk, and drink at any

time, usually before meals.

For Diseases of the Lungs.—Procure at a drug store some white turpentine; take in the mouth a bit the size of a pea; swallow the slowly dissolving substance and when it is quite soft swallow the lump. The same remedy is excellent for a cold,

Imperial Drink .- Put half ounce of cream of tartar, the juice of one lemon and two tablespoonsful of sifted sugar into a jug and pour over it a quart of boiling water. Cover

till cold.

Grained or Varnished Wood Work may be restored to its former good looks by applying turpentine and linseed oil, equal parts of each, well mixed together and rubbed in with a silk or wollen cloth.

An agreeable Remedy for Costiveness is the free use of ripe tomatoes at meals. A remedy of equal efficiency is cracked wheat boiled soft as rice, and eaten mainly at two meals of the day, with butter and molasses.

A Tin Cup of Vinegar on the stove where onions are

boiling will prevent all disagreeable odor.

A Bit of Economy is to save the peel of oranges; dry it and grate it for flavoring mince pies and orange cakes, and custard also. If it is dried perfectly and kept in a dry closet there is no danger of its becoming musty.

For Chilblains, take a piece of lime the size of your

double fist; put it in warm water and soak the feet in it,

as warm as it can be borne, for half an hour.

For a Scald or Burn, apply immediately pulverized charcoal and oil. Lamp oil will do, but linseed is better. The effect is marvelous.

To Remove Warts get a little bullock gall, and keep it in a bottle, rub a little on the wart two or three times a

day, and in a short time they will disappear.

Toothache may be speedily ended by the application of a small bit of cotton saturated with ammonia to the defective tooth.

Hoarseness may be relieved by using the white of an egg thoroughly beaten, mixed with lemon juice and sugar. A teaspoonful taken occasionally is the dose.

A tablespoonful of Carbolic Acid in two gallons of water is said to prove as destructive to the currant worm and

rose bug as hellebore.

A Simple Cure for Dyspepsia is to swallow a tea-cupful of hot water every morning before breakfast; it is the prescription of a German doctor.

To Cure Insect Bites stir enough common salt into the yolk of a good egg to make it sufficiently thin for a plaster to be kept on the bitten part.

To relieve Neuralgia and Toothache apply bruised or

grated horse-radish to the wrist.

For a Bad Cold in the Head snuff water in which a little camphor has been dissolved.

To brighten Silver Spoons darkend by acids or boiled eggs, rub thom with a little moistened salt.

ANATOMY OF MAN'S BODY,

AS SAID TO BE GOVERNED BY THE TWELVE CONSTELLATIONS.

The Head and Face— ARIES.

Arms,

& GEMINI.

Heart,

LEO.

Reins,

LIBRA:

Thighs,

SAGITTARIUS.

Legs,

AQUARIUS.



The Feet PISCES.

Neck.

TAURUS.

Breast,

CANCER.

Bowels,

VIRGO.

Secrets.

SCORPIO.

Knees.

R CAPRICORN.

Short Almanac for the Year 1884,

Being a Bissextile or Leap Year, and the 108th of American Independence.

	Sund.	Mond	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Frid.	Sat.		Sund.	Mond	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Frid.	Sat		Sund.	Mond	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Frid.	Sat.
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FEB.	27	28 4	29 5	30 6	31 7	1 8	2 9	JUNE	18 25 1 8	26 2	27 3	28 4	295	30 6	24 31 7	ост.	14 21 28	22	23		25	19 26 3	27
MAR.	17 24	18 25	19 26	20 27	21 28	15 22 29	23		8 15 22 29	16 23	17	18	12 19 26	20	21		5 12 19 26	13 20	14 21		16 23	10 17 24	11 18 25
	16	17	11 18	19	13 20	7 14 21 28	22	JULY	6 13 20	7 14 21	1 8 15	9 16	3 10 17	11 18	12 19	NOV.	219	3 10	4	5 12	6 13	7 14	1 8 15
APR.	30	31 7	1 8	2 9	3 10	4	5 12	AUG.	27 3	28 4	29 5	30 6	31 7	1 8	2 9		16 23 30	24	25 2	26 3	27 4	28 5	29
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